

India International Bullion Exchange IFSC (IIBX)

4th Annual Report FY 2024-2025

Unit No. 1302A, Brigade International Financial Centre, 13th Floor, Building No. 14A, Block 14, Zone 1, GIFT SEZ, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar- 382050, Gujarat Phone: +91 79 6969 7100

e-mail: info@iibx.co.in website: www.iibx.co.in



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BOARD OF DIRECTORS (as on July 22, 2025)

Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan Chairman & Public Interest Director

Smt. Seema Bahuguna
Public Interest Director
Shri Siddhartha Sengupta
Public Interest Director
Shri Gurumoorthy Mahalingam
Public Interest Director
Public Interest Director
Public Interest Director
Public Interest Director

Prof. Sundaravalli Narayanaswami
Shri Shivanshu Lalit Mehta
Public Interest Director
Non-Independent Director
Non-Independent Director

Shri Mayank Jain
Shri Mayank Jain
Shri Prashant Vagal
Shri Prashant Vagal
Shri Prashant Vagal
Shri Prashant Vagal
Non-Independent Director
Non-Independent Director
Non-Independent Director
Non-Independent Director
Shri Ashok Kumar Gautam
Managing Director & CEO

MANAGEMENT TEAM

Shri Ashok Kumar Gautam Managing Director & CEO Shri Neeraj Gupta Chief Technology Officer

Ms. Kirty Pareek Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Shri Vinod Ramachandran* Chief Risk officer and Head- Clearing & Settlement

Shri Chetan Pabari Chief Financial Officer
Shri Surendra Rashinkar Chief Regulatory Officer
*Designated as Chief Risk Officer w.e.f. April 1, 2025

AUDITORS

Statutory Auditors M/s. Vidya & Co., Chartered Accountants

Secretarial Auditors M/s. Yash Mehta & Associates, Company Secretaries

CIN U67190GJ2021PLC124952

Directors' Report

To The Members,

Your directors are pleased to present the Fourth Annual Report of your Company along with the Audited Financial Statement for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025.

Financial Summary / Highlights

The Company's standalone financial performance, for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025:

Amount in Thousands

Particulars	For the Financial March 31, 2025 (For the Financia March 31, 2024	
	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
Revenue From Operations	3,13,195.88	3,703.40	1,13,524.81	1,371.21
Other Income	77,672.47	918.45	42,414.32	512.30
Total Income	3,90,868.35	4,621.85	1,55,939.13	1,883.51
Computer Technology Related Expenses	1,03,600.17	1,225.01	80,204.52	968.74
Employee Benefits Expense	93,323.91	1,103.52	68,310.09	825.09
Administration and Other Expenses	46,169.72	545.93	36,611.69	442.19
Finance Costs	3,061.54	36.20	3,317.06	40.06
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	45,890.74	542.64	31,410.52	379.39
Total Expense	2,92,046.08	3,453.30	2,19,853.88	2,655.47
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	98,822.27	1,168.55	(63,914.75)	(771.96)
Provision for tax	-	-	-	-
Net Profit/(Loss) After Tax	98,822.27	1,168.55	(63,914.75)	(771.96)
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	43,143.73	(6.49)	13,201.97	(2.96)
Total Comprehensive Income	1,41,966.00	1,162.06	(50,712.78)	(774.92)
Earnings per share	0.058	0.001	(0.056)	(0.001)

Financial Results

The Company was incorporated during the Financial Year 2021-22 and commenced its operations in the Financial Year 2022-23. For the Financial Year ending March 31, 2025, the total income of the Company was INR 3,90,868.35 thousand (USD 4,621.85 thousand). In the Financial Year 2024-25, in the total income, the Company achieved a growth of 151% over the last Financial Year. The total income included Revenue from Operations of INR 3,13,195.88 thousand (USD 3,703.40 thousand), and Other Income of INR 77,672.47 thousand (USD 918.45 thousand).

The total expenses incurred during the Financial Year ending March 31, 2025, were INR 2,92,046.08 thousand (USD 3,453.30 thousand). These expenses comprised of Computer Technology Related Expenses of INR 1,03,600.17 thousand (USD 1,225.01 thousand), Employee Benefits Expenses of INR

93,323.91 thousand (USD 1,103.52 thousand), Administrative and Other Expenses of INR 46,169.72 thousand (USD 545.93 thousand), Finance Cost of INR 3,061.54 thousand (USD 36.20 thousand), and Depreciation and Amortization Expenses of INR 45,890.74 thousand (USD 542.64 thousands).

The Company reported a total profit before tax of INR 98,822.27 thousand (USD 1,168.55 thousand) for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2025. This was the first full Financial Year when the Company made a net profit with a growth of 255% over the last Financial Year. During the Financial Year 2024-25, the Company achieved net profit before tax in all the four quarters of the Financial Year. After accounting for other comprehensive income (net of tax) of INR 43,143.73 thousand, the total comprehensive income for the Financial Year was INR 1,41,966.00 thousand (USD 1,162.06 thousand). The Earnings Per Share (EPS) for the year stood at INR 0.058 (USD 0.001).

Transfer to reserves

During the current Financial Year, the Company has recorded a profit. However, in view of the accumulated losses, the Board has decided not to transfer any amount to general reserves for the year ending March 31, 2025.

Dividend

In view of the accumulated losses and the Company's focus on strengthening its financial position, the Board has decided not to recommend any dividend for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2025.

Business & Operations and Future Outlook

Spot Contracts

Presently, the following Gold and Silver T+0 contracts are traded on the Exchange platform:

GOLD CONTRACTS	SILVER CONTRACTS
GOLD KG 995 - 1 KG	SILVER Grains - 20 KG
GOLD Mini 999 - 100 GRAMS	UAEGD SILVER Grains - 20 KG
UAEGDGOLD995 - 1 KG	UAEGDCEPA SILVER Grains - 20 KG
UAEGDGOLD999 - 100 GRAMS	SILVER Bar – 30 KG
UAEGDTRQ GOLD 995 - 1 KG	UAEGD SILVER Bar – 30 KG
UAEGDTRQ GOLD 999 - 100 GRAMS	

The above spot contracts are traded and Cleared on a T+0 basis. The Bullion Depository Receipts (BDR) Settlements are performed every 30 Minutes whereas the Funds Settlements are performed four times during the day.

IIBX is the Global first Exchange to launch Silver Grains Contracts.

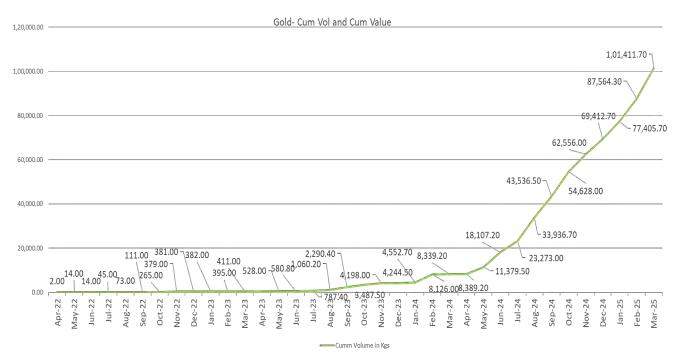
Summary of the Business Performance of IIBX for the Financial Year 2024-25 is as given below:

Gold T+0 Contracts

After a modest initial volume of 411 Kgs in FY 2022-23 and subsequent volume of 7,928.2 Kgs in FY 2023-24, IIBX experienced a significant acceleration in Gold trading volumes in FY 2024-25, reaching an impressive 93,072.50 Kgs, leading to the cumulative volume of 101,414.80 kgs.

In the Q1 of FY2024-25, 9,768 Kgs of Gold Contracts were traded. Subsequent quarters saw significant increase in the Gold traded volume. In Q2, 25,429.3 Kgs, in Q3, 25,876.2 Kgs and in Q4, 31,999 Kgs of Gold Contracts were traded.

Gold - Cumulative Volume Month wise - in Kilograms (as on March 31, 2025)



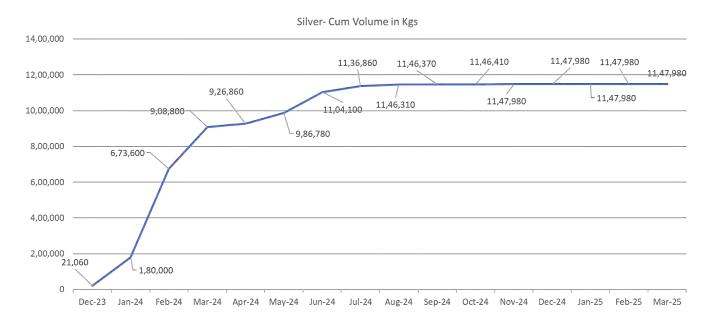
Your company's operations in 2025 as a gateway for CEPA volumes into India has shown that it can emerge as a credible, safe global price discovery and delivery platform for the bullion trade. Its efforts on IT integration with ICEGATE provided seamless delivery of BDR for Indian importers in record time of 30 minutes. The operations during the year have confirmed the robustness of its systems and processes and the way forward is to enable this, through a combination of partnerships and outreach, for the wider bullion trade.

Silver T+0 Contracts:

Silver trading since its launch in December 2023, resulted in total volume of 1,136.86 tonnes of Silver CEPA Grains trade till July 2024. Around 10 tons of LBMA Silver Bars and 1.1 tons of UAEGD Silver

NON CEPA Grains have also been traded bringing the total silver volumes on IIBX to 1,147.98 tons since inception.

Silver Volumes (as on March 31, 2025)



India UAE CEPA Tariff Rate Quota (TRQ)

The Government of India had signed the 10 years Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreements (CEPAs) with the Government of the UAE in the February 2022, and it came into force in the May 2022. Under this agreement the Government allots quota to the DGFT notified entities in every Financial Year. In the Financial Year 2024-25, the DGFT had allotted 160 tonnes of Tariff Rate Quota of Gold to 834 TRQ Holders. As per DGFT, only 128 tonnes (80% of 160 tonnes) of TRQ Gold was imported in the said Financial Year. Out of this, 93 tonnes of TRQ Gold was imported through IIBX, contributing 72% of the market share.

The market participants onboarded with IIBX include Bullion Members (Trading and/or Clearing members), Qualified Jewellers, Nominated Banks - Special Category Client, Valid India UAE TRQ Holders and Qualified Suppliers. IIBX has onboarded a total number of 167 Qualified Jewellers, 441 Valid India-UAE TRQ Holders, 3 Nominated Banks - Special Category Client and 37 Qualified Suppliers. The Qualified Suppliers are from Dubai, Hong Kong, Singapore and GIFT IFSC.

Nationwide Presence

IIBX has expanded its reach by conducting a good number of outreach programmes, seminars and webinars. This has resulted in Qualified Jewellers and TRQ Holders from 20 States and Union Territories, covering 83 districts of India getting onboarded on IIBX as on March 31, 2025.

State and District Wise QJs & TRQ Holders

Sr No.	State	QJ and TRQ Counts	District Counts
1	ANDHRA PRADESH	7	5
2	ASSAM	1	1
3	CHHATTISGARH	5	1
4	DELHI	44	6
5	GUJARAT	144	10
6	HARYANA	3	2
7	JAMMU & KASHMIR	1	1
8	KARNATAKA	26	4
9	KERALA	22	7
10	MADHYA PRADESH	10	4
11	MAHARASHTRA	168	9
12	ODISHA	2	2
13	PUDUCHERRY	3	1
14	PUNJAB	14	4
15	RAJASTHAN	19	4
16	TAMIL NADU	78	11
17	TELANGANA	13	2
18	UTTAR PRADESH	19	6
19	UTTARAKHAND	1	1
20	WEST BENGAL	28	2
	Total	608	83

Gold Futures Contracts

Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has allowed eligible entities having exposure to price risk of Gold to hedge such exposure in the International Financial Services Centre (IFSC), subject to the stipulations set out in the referred RBI Master Direction. IIBX has introduced trading in Gold Futures Contracts w.e.f., June 21, 2024.

Outreach Efforts for Gold Futures

IIBX has approached over 1000 prospective clients across 68 cities and towns of India and has explained to them about the benefits of hedging through Gold Futures trading. World Gold Council has sponsored many of these outreach events which have been conducted along with various all India and local Bullion and Gems and Jewellery associations and councils as well as some banks and Trading Members. IIBX endeavours to reach out to the prospective clients, and also retains focus on the existing Qualified Jewellers, TRQ Holders, Qualified Suppliers, Domestic Refiners and Jewellers.

IIBX has also launched the Liquidity Enhancement Scheme to encourage participation to initiate trading, provide liquidity and enhance the trading volumes on the Gold Futures. With above efforts it is expected that the volumes in Gold Futures will start seeing traction.

New Initiatives planned for the FY2025-26

New Vaults

Apart the three Vaults in GIFT IFSC, IIBX has two new Vaults in Chennai at J. Matadee Free Trade Warehousing Zone (FTWZ) and at MEPZ SEZ. IIBX has now two variants of all the contracts which are

GIFT City Contracts and the Chennai Contracts. Delivery for Chennai Contracts can take place from either of the two Vaults at Chennai.

During FY2025-26 it is proposed to explore opening additional vaults in SEEPZ, Mumbai and Manikanchan SEZ Kolkata.

Your company is also examining plans to have vaults in a few key bullion locations in India and abroad to facilitate transparent trading and enhanced price discovery processes.

Qualified Supplier Network Expansion underway

IIBX is proactively engaging with 58 global Qualified Supplier prospects, demonstrating significant potential for expanding our Supplier's network and driving mutual business growth. These prospects are from Australia, Canada, UAE, Germany, Hong Kong, Indonesia, London, Malaysia, North America, Singapore, South Africa, Switzerland, Thailand and Turkey.

New Products

The following new products are proposed to be developed and launched by IIBX in the FY2025-26.

- Silver Futures
- T+2+D Contracts for physical delivery
- T10 Contracts for physical delivery
- BDR as investment product for Non-Resident Indias (NRI), Overseas Citizenship of India (OCI),
 Person of Indian Origin (PIO) and other overseas retail and institutional Investors
- Gold for exporters in SEZs
- Gold for exporters in DTA
- Gold Metal Loan (GML)
- Fractionalised BDRs
- REPO on BDR
- Gold ETF

Material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the company which have occurred between the end of the Financial Year of the company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report

There were no material changes and commitments that took place affecting the financial position of the company after the end of the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025.

Changes in the Capital Structure of the Company during the year

(a) change in the authorised, issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital:

During the year under review, there was no change in the authorised share capital of the Company.

During the Financial Year, the Company allotted 100,00,00,000 (One Hundred Crore) equity shares of face value Re. 1 each, aggregating to Rs. 100,00,00,000 (Rupees One Hundred Crore only), on a rights issue basis to its existing shareholder, i.e. India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited.

Issue of equity shares, other convertible securities, Sweat equity shares or ESOPs

Pursuant to the rights issue, the Company issued 100,00,00,000 (One Hundred Crore) equity shares of Re. 1 each. As a result, the paid-up share capital of the Company increased from Rs. 115,00,00,000 (Rupees One Hundred Fifteen Crore only) to Rs. 215,00,00,000 (Rupees Two Hundred Fifteen Crore only).

The company has not issued other convertible securities, Sweat equity shares or ESOPs during the Financial Year.

Issue of debentures, bonds or any non-convertible securities

During the Financial Year 2024-25 the company has not issued any debentures, bonds or any non-convertible securities.

(b) reclassification or sub-division of the authorised share capital:

There has been no reclassification or sub-division of the authorised share capital of the company during the year.

(c) reduction of share capital or buy back of shares:

There has been no reduction of share capital or buy back of shares during the Financial Year.

(d) change in the capital structure resulting from restructuring:

The company has not undergone restructuring during the Financial Year.

(e) change in voting rights:

There has been no change in voting rights during the Financial Year.

Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

Details of Directors or Key Managerial Personnel who were appointed or have resigned during the year

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Re-appointment of Managing Director & CEO

Shri Ashok Kumar Gautam was re-appointed as the Managing Director and CEO for the second term, for a period of 2 (two) years or until he attains the age of sixty five years, whichever is earlier with effect from February 5, 2025.

Public Interest Directors

Shri Jugal Kishore Mohapatra, Chairman of the Board, was appointed as Public Interest Director on the Governing Board of IIBX for a period of three years, w.e.f. March 21, 2022. The tenure of Shri Jugal Kishore Mohapatra ended on March 20, 2025.

Shri Arvind Sahay was appointed as Public Interest Director on the Governing Board of IIBX for a period of three years, w.e.f. March 31, 2022. The tenure of Shri Arvind Sahay ended on March 30, 2025.

The Board places on record the valuable contributions made by Shri Jugal Kishore Mohapatra during his tenure as Chairman of the Governing Board, Chairman of the Advisory Committee and as Public Interest Director on the Governing Board and as a member of Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Regulatory Oversight Committee.

The Board places on record the valuable contributions made by Shri Arvind Sahay during his tenure as Public Interest Director on the Governing Board and as Chairman of the Standing Committee on Technology and as members of Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee.

Non-Independent Directors

Pursuant to change in nomination by the Holding company, Shri Rajesh Saraf, Non-Independent Director, tendered his resignation from the Governing Board of IIBX with effect from the close of business hours of February 11, 2025.

Pursuant to change in nomination by the Holding company, Shri Sriram Krishnan, Non-Independent Director, tendered his resignation from the Governing Board of IIBX with effect from the close of business hours of May 26, 2025.

The Board also places on record the valuable contributions made by Shri Rajesh Saraf during his tenure as Director on the Governing Board.

The Board also places on record the valuable contributions made by Shri Sriram Krishnan during his tenure as Director on the Governing Board.

The return of resignation/end of tenure have been duly filed with the Registrar of Companies.

Election of Chairperson of the Company

Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan, Public Interest Director has been elected as Chairperson of the Board of IIBX w.e.f. April 11, 2025, after due prior approval of the IFSCA.

The following Public Interest Director/s were appointed/re-appointed during the year/after the end of the year and up to the date of the Report

As per provisions of Regulation 26(1) of IFSCA (Bullion Market) Regulations, 2025 ("Bullion Market Regulations, 2025") the Public Interest Director shall be nominated for a term of three years, extendable by another term of three years subject to performance review as may be specified by the Authority; Accordingly, Smt. Seema Bahuguna have been reappointed, after due prior approval of the IFSCA, as the Public Interest Director for second term of three years with effect from March 21, 2025, after conclusion of her first term of three years on March 20, 2025.

Shri Somasundaram Palamadairamaswamy and Prof. Sundaravalli Narayanaswami were appointed as Public Interest Directors with effect from April 7, 2025, after due prior approval of the IFSCA.

The IFSCA approval has been received for the reappointment of Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan, Shri Siddhartha Sengupta and Shri Gurumoorthy Mahalingam as Public Interest Directors on the Board of IIBX for another term of three years. The Board has since approved the reappointment as Public Interest Directors of Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan, Shri Siddhartha Sengupta and Shri Gurumoorthy Mahalingam from September 12, 2025, September 12, 2025, and November 26, 2025, respectively.

The Board is of the opinion that the Public Interest Directors appointed on the Board of the company possess the requisite integrity, expertise and experience.

The following Non-Independent Director/s were appointed after the end of the year and up to the date of the Report

Smt. Nayana Ovalekar was appointed as Non-Independent Director w.e.f. April 21, 2025, after due prior approval of the IFSCA. Smt. Nayana Ovalekar, Chief Regulatory Officer, CDSL is nominated by the Holding Company – India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited.

Shri Harish Ahuja was appointed as Non-Independent Director w.e.f. July 12, 2025, after due prior approval of the IFSCA. Shri Harish Ahuja, Head – Product & Strategy Development (Power, Carbon and Electricity Derivatives Markets), main Board Listing & Social Stock Exchange, NSE Limited is nominated by the Holding Company – India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited.

Directors retiring by rotation

The provisions of sub-section (6) and (7) of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, with respect to the retirement of directors by rotation is exempt for public IFSC companies (MCA notification dated January 04, 2017).

Key Managerial Personnel

The following Key Managerial Personnels were appointed during the Financial Year pursuant to the IFSCA guidelines:

- Shri Laxmi Narayan Sahu was appointed as Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) w.e.f. March 11, 2025.
- Shri Ranjith Singh was appointed as Head-Business & Product Development w.e.f. March 17, 2025.

Declaration by Public Interest Directors and statement on compliance of code of conduct

The terms and conditions of the appointment of Public Interest Director (PID) are as per IFSCA (Bullion Market) Regulations, 2025. They have submitted a declaration that each one of them meets the criteria of independence as provided in sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013. They have also submitted a declaration confirming the compliance of Rule 6 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014. Further, all PIDs have also given the declarations that they satisfy "fit and proper" criteria as stipulated under Regulation 61 of the International Financial Services Centres Authority (Bullion Market) Regulations, 2025. The Public Interest Directors have also submitted a declaration acknowledging abidance by the 'Code of Conduct' and 'non-association' with Bullion Trading/Clearing members or their associates, as prescribed under the IFSCA (Bullion Market) Regulations, 2025. There has been no change in the circumstances which may affect their status as PIDs during the year.

The Key Management Personnels also have also submitted a declaration acknowledging abidance by the 'Code of Conduct' as prescribed under the IFSCA (Bullion Market) Regulations, 2025.

Details of meetings of the Public Interest Directors

Three meetings of the Public Interest Directors were held during the year. The details of the meetings and the attendance of the PIDs are as under:

Sr. No	Name of the Director	M	he Public Intere eeting held on March 09, 2025	
1.	Shri Jugal Kishore Mohapatra	√	√	√

2.	Shri Arvind Sahay	√	√	√
3.	Smt. Seema Bahuguna	\checkmark	\checkmark	√
4.	Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan	V	√	√
5.	Shri Siddhartha Sengupta	√	√	√
6.	Shri Gurumoorthy Mahalingam	√	√	√

Meetings of the Board

In terms of MCA exemption notification dated January 4, 2017, a specified IFSC public company shall hold at least one meeting of the Board of Directors in each half of a calendar year. However, in the interest of good governance, at least four (4) meetings of the Governing Board are held in each Financial Year. During the year ended March 31, 2025, eight (8) Board Meetings were convened and held.

Eight meetings of the Board of Directors were held during the year. The details of meetings and the attendance are as under:

Sr. No	Name of the Director		Attendance at the Board Meetings held on						
		April 16, 2024	May 01, 2024	July 22, 2024	October 09, 2024	November 26, 2024	January 03, 2025	January 14, 2025	March 18, 2025
1.	Shri Shivanshu Lalit Mehta	√	Leave of Absence	√	√	√	V	√	V
2.	Shri Jugal Kishore Mohapatra	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
3.	Shri Arvind Sahay	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
4.	Smt. Seema Bahuguna	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	V
5.	Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	V
6.	Shri Siddhartha Sengupta	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	V
7.	Shri Gurumoorthy Mahalingam	√	Leave of Absence	√	√	√	√	√	V
8.	Shri Sriram Krishnan	√	Leave of Absence	√	√	Leave of Absence	√	Leave of Absence	V
9.	Shri Mayank Jain	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	V
10.	Shri Rajesh Saraf	√	V	√	√	V	√	√	Resigned w.e.f. Feb 11, 2025
11.	Shri Prashant Vagal	√	V	√	√	V	V	√	V
12.	Shri Ashok Kumar Gautam	√	V	√	V	V	NA*	√	√

^{*}Shri Ashok Kumar Gautam, Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer being an interested party recused himself from the meeting of Board of Directors held on November 26, 2025.

Board Committees

The Board has constituted the following eight statutory committees in terms of the IFSCA circular no IFSCA/CMD/DMIIT/MII/CG/2022-23/1 dated June 28, 2022:

A. Functional Committees:

- i. Member Selection Committee
- ii. Investor Grievance Redressal Committee
- iii. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

B. Oversight Committees:

- i. Standing Committee on Technology
- ii. Advisory Committee
- iii. Audit Committee
- iv. Regulatory Oversight Committee
- v. Risk Management Committee

The above Committees functions as per the terms of reference given in the said IFSCA circular.

There were no changes in the composition of the committee during the Financial Year. The recommendations of the Committees are submitted to the Board for approval. During the financial year, all the recommendations of the Committees were accepted by the Board.

Ms. Kirty Pareek, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company, is the Secretary to all the Committees constituted by the Board.

Member Selection Committee

The details of composition and the number of meetings held, and the attendance of the Member Selection Committee during the year is as under:

Sr. No	Name of the Director	Attendance at the Comm	nittee Meetings held on July 09, 2024	February 05, 2025
1.	Shri Siddhartha Sengupta	V	V	√
2.	Shri Gurumoorthy Mahalingam	Leave of Absence	√	√
3.	Shri Ashok Kumar Gautam	√	√	√

Investor Grievance Redressal Committee

The Investor Grievance Redressal Committee comprises Independent External Professionals. This committee comprises of a single member committee for addressing complaints for claims upto USD 35,000 comprising Shri Siddharth Roy. For claims above USD 35,000, the committee comprises of Shri Siddharth Roy, Chairman of the Committee. Shri Arjun Raghavendra, and Shri Srinivas Yelandur.

No complaints were referred to the Investor Grievance Redressal Committee during the year.

Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The details of composition and the number of meetings held, and the attendance of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee during the year is as under:

Sr. No	Name of the Director	Attendance at the Committee Meetings held on						
		April 15, 2024	August 20, 2024	September 20, 2024	October 04, 2024	November 15, 2024	November 23, 2024	March 09, 2025

1.	Smt. Seema Bahuguna	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
2.	Shri Jugal Kishore Mohapatra	√	√	√	\checkmark	√	√	√
3.	Shri Arvind Sahay	√	√	√	Leave of Absence	√	√	√

Standing Committee on Technology

The details of composition and the number of meetings held, and the attendance of the Standing Committee on Technology during the year is as under:

		Attendance at the Committee Meetings held on					
Sr. No	Name of the Director	April 23, 2024	June 14, 2024	July 20, 2024	December 19, 2024		
1.	Shri Arvind Sahay	√	√	√	√		
2.	Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan	√	√	\checkmark	\checkmark		
3.	Shri Jayant Rawalgaonkar	√	√	√	√		
4.	Shri Srinivas Yelandur	$\sqrt{}$	√	\checkmark	\checkmark		

Advisory Committee

The details of composition and the number of meetings held, and the attendance of the Advisory Committee during the year is as under:

Sr. No	Name of the Director	Attendance at the Committee Meetings held on
51. 140	ranie of the Director	March 06, 2025
1.	Shri Jugal Kishore Mohapatra	$\sqrt{}$
2.	Shri Siddhartha Sengupta	V

Audit Committee

The details of composition and the number of meetings held, and the attendance of the Audit Committee during the year is as under:

Sr	. No.	Name of the Director	Attendance at the ACB Meetings held on						
			April 15, 2024	July 15, 2024	October 08, 2024	November 27, 2024	November 29, 2024	December 27, 2024	January 14, 2025
	1.	Smt. Seema Bahuguna	√	√	\checkmark	√	√	√	√
	2.	Shri Arvind Sahay	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
	3.	Shri Siddhartha Sengupta	√	√	\checkmark	√	√	√	$\sqrt{}$
	4.	Shri Shivanshu Lalit Mehta	√	Leave of Absence	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	√	√

Regulatory Oversight Committee

The details of composition and the number of meetings held, and the attendance of the Regulatory Oversight Committee during the year is as under:

Sr. No	Name of the Director		Attendance at the Committee Meetings held on				
		April 16, 2024	May 01, 2024	July 04, 2024	December 12, 2024	March 06, 2025	
1.	Shri Gurumoorthy Mahalingam	√	Leave of Absence	√	√	\checkmark	
2.	Shri Jugal Kishore Mohapatra	√	√	√	√	√	
3.	Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan	√	√	√	√	√	
4.	Shri Siddhartha Roy	√	√	√	√	√	
5.	Shri Arjun Raghavendra	√	√	√	√	√	

Risk Management Committee

The details of composition and the number of meetings held, and the attendance of the Risk Management Committee during the year is as under:

Sr. No	Name of the Director	Attendance at the Committee Meetings held on				
		July 04, 2024	August 31, 2024	December 12, 2024	March 10, 2025	
1.	Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan	√	√	√	√	
2.	Smt. Seema Bahuguna	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
3.	Shri Gurumoorthy Mahalingam	√	√	√	√	
4.	Shri Siddhartha Roy	√	√	√	√	

Reconstitution of Committees after the end of the Financial Year

The Board of Directors approved the reconstitution of functional and oversight Committee on April 15, 2025. Following are the details of the reconstituted Committees:

Sr. No.	Name of the Committee	Members of the Committee
1	Member Selection Committee	Smt. Seema Bahuguna, Chairperson, and PID
		Shri Somasundaram Palamadairamaswamy, PID
		Shri Ashok Kumar Gautam, MD & CEO
2	Investor Grievance Redressal Committee*	Shri Siddharth Roy, Chairperson & IEP (Single member for addressing complaints for claims upto USD 35,000)
		Shri Arjun Raghavendra, IEP
		Shri Srinivas Yelandur, IEP
3	Standing Committee on Technology	Smt. Sundaravalli Narayanaswami, Chairperson & PID
		Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan, PID
		Shri Jayant Rawalgaonkar, IEP
		Shri Srinivas Yelandur, IEP
		Shri Ashok Kumar Gautam, Permanent Invitee
4	Advisory Committee	Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan, Chairperson & PID
		Shri Siddhartha Sengupta, PID

Sr. No.	Name of the Committee	Members of the Committee
		Shri Somasundaram Palamadairamaswamy, PID
		Shri Kishore Narne, Director, Motilal Oswal Finsec IFSC Limited
		Shri Arpit Agarwal, Director, Globe Capital IFSC Limited
		Shri Ashok Kumar Gautam, Permanent Invitee
5	Regulatory Oversight Committee	Smt. Seema Bahuguna, Chairperson & PID
		Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan, PID
		Shri Gurumoorthy Mahalingam, PID
		Shri Arjun Raghavendra, IEP
		Shri Ashok Kumar Gautam, Permanent Invitee
6	Risk Management Committee	Shri Siddhartha Sengupta, Chairperson and PID
	Tion management committee	Shri Gurumoorthy Mahalingam, PID
		Smt. Sundaravalli Narayanaswami, PID
		Shri Siddartha Roy, IEP
7	1. 10.0	Chui Comagun dayan Palama daiyamaguamy Chaiyaayan (- DID)
/	Audit Committee of Board	Shri Somasundaram Palamadairamaswamy, Chairperson & PID Shri Siddhartha Sengupta, PID
		Smt. Sundaravalli Narayanaswami, PID
		Shri Shivanshu Mehta, Non-Independent Director
8	Nomination & Remuneration Committee	Shri Gurumoorthy Mahalingam, Chairperson & PID
		Shri Gopalaraman Padmanabhan, PID
		Smt. Seema Bahuguna, PID

Note:PID means Public Interest Director

IEP means Independent External Professional

Board Evaluation

Manner of annual evaluation made by the Board of its own performance and that of its committees and individual directors

The Company has a Board approved Evaluation policy which includes criteria for performance evaluation of the individual directors, the committees and the board as a whole.

In accordance with the manner of evaluation specified in the Performance Evaluation Policy, the Board carried out annual performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and Individual Directors. The Public Interest Directors carried out annual performance evaluation of the Chairperson after taking views of all the Public Interest Directors, the Non-Independent directors and the Board as a whole. The Chairperson of the respective Committees shared the report on evaluation with the respective Committee members. The performance of each Committee was evaluated by the respective Committees.

A consolidated report was shared with the Chairperson of the Board for his review and giving feedback to each Director. The feedback of the Chairperson of the Board was shared with him by the Chairperson of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

^{*}Meeting shall be held as and when there is any investor grievance.

Directors' Responsibility Statement

To the best of their knowledge and belief, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and confirm that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) the directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of your company as at March 31, 2025, and of the profit and loss of the company for the year ended on that date;
- (c) proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- (e) proper internal financial controls were in place and such financial controls are adequate and operating effectively;
- (f) proper systems have been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

Internal Financial Controls

All the expenses were incurred within the overall delegations approved by the Governing Board. The Company believes that this provides reasonable assurance that the Company's internal financial controls are adequate, considering the size of operations, and are operating effectively as intended.

Details to be Reported u/s 134 (3) (CA) of the Companies Act, 2013

No frauds have been noticed/ or reported by Auditors during the year under review.

Subsidiaries

Your company does not have any subsidiaries.

India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited is the Holding company and India International Depository IFSC Limited is the fellow subsidiary of India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited.

Details of Deposits

Your company has not accepted any Fixed Deposits from the public during the financial year 2024-25.

Particulars of Loans, Guarantee and Investments

Your company has not given any loans, guarantees and investments falling within the ambit of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Particulars of Contracts or Arrangements with Related Parties

The Company has availed of services from M/s BSE Technologies Private Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of BSE Limited) as the Technology partner, as approved by the Board of the Holding Company (IIBH) in their Board meeting dated August 20, 2021. Additionally, the Company has availed services from IIBH, the holding company, and other related entities including CDSL, NSDL, NSE Limited and India INX, which are investing companies of the Holding Company. The company has also availed of data feed services from Cogencis Information Services Ltd, which is a wholly- owned subsidiary of NSE Limited. The payments made to the related parties were duly approved by the Board of Directors of IIBX while approving the Financial Statements for the year ending on March 31, 2025.

The details of the related party transactions for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025, are given in form **AOC-2**.

The related party transactions have been documented in the financial statements under the notes to accounts for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025 (Note no. 22).

Necessary approvals have been taken, and all Related Party transactions are on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 in relation to Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the company for a period of five years from the date of commencement of Business as per the exemption notification no. G.S.R. 08(E) dated January 4, 2017, of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

Conservation of energy

Your company does not carry out any manufacturing activities.

Technology Absorption

i) The efforts made towards technology absorption -

The Exchange is committed to continuous improvement through customer feedback by adding new security features and functionalities for an enhanced experience. The Exchange has prioritized Security, Reliability and Redundancy in the design of its IT infrastructure and Applications. All the Applications have been hosted on a Fault Tolerant Infrastructure consisting of Fault Tolerant Servers, routers, and firewalls equipped with Intrusion Prevention and Detection System, ensuring High Availability.

Information and Cyber Security threats are ever-growing, and new threat vectors are ever evolving. To ensure Exchange's information assets are resilient to such information and cyber security threats, the Exchange is continuously investing in strengthening multi-layer security architecture like Web Application Firewall (WAF), Next Gen Firewalls, VPN Solutions, End Point Detection and Response (EDR), Network Monitoring and backup systems.

The IT Infrastructure has been hosted for Primary and Disaster Recovery Sites in a state-of-theart data centre designed to support mission-critical operations. The Exchange's Recovery Time Objective (RTO) and Recovery Point Objective (RPO) are 45 minutes and 15 minutes, respectively, for all critical systems like Trading, Surveillance, and Risk Management. Periodic mock tests and unannounced live trading from the DR site ensure proper functioning of DR systems.

The Application Program Interface (API) and file encryption have been implemented between India International Bullion Exchange Ltd. (IIBX) and India International Depository IFSC Ltd. (IIDI) for faster and secure transactions (Pay-in and Payout) of Bullion Depository Receipts (BDR). The Settlement system also performs the BDR and Funds reconciliation at every BDR and Fund Payout cycle to ensure error free processing during each settlement.

The Member Onboarding portal has been extended for onboarding of Qualified Jewellers, Qualified Suppliers as well as Valid India UAE TRQ Holders. It has also been integrated with the Depository for reducing the overall Application processing and onboarding time.

The Exchange has launched separate contracts for delivery at Chennai during FY 2024-25 for reducing the transportation time and logistics cost.

The Exchange has also successfully launched Gold Futures during FY 2024-25 enabling the domestic entities to hedge their Gold Price risk in USD. For the first time globally, IIBX is offering the Cash as well as intention matching Delivery based settlement options for Gold Futures contracts. The Delivery based settlement system provided by IIBX is unique as it offers the facility for real time quoting and matching of the Premium/Discounts for delivery in India

by the market participants. The Exchange's Surveillance system has the capability to generate alerts with user-configurable thresholds that trigger investigations into any unusual trading trends.

Online Grievance Redressal and Complaint Handling systems have been implemented for tracking and faster resolution of any complaints and grievances.

All the systems at IIBX are in compliance with all the regulatory requirements and Frameworks prescribed by IFSCA.

ii) the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution -

The IT strategy and approach adopted by the Exchange has ensured uninterrupted services and trading facilities. The Exchange thrives to compete internationally by providing relevant products and services to all its market participants. The market participants have derived benefits from all the technology enhancements made by the Exchange.

iii) in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the Financial Year)

During the year no technology was imported and it is to report that no technology was imported during last three years.

- a) the details of technology imported Not Applicable
- b) the year of import Not Applicable
- c) whether the technology been fully absorbed Not Applicable
- d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof Not Applicable

iv) the expenditure incurred on Research and Development -

During the year no expenditure was incurred on Research and Development

Foreign exchange earnings and outgo

The functional currency of company is USD and the presentation currency is INR. Foreign currency is a currency other than the functional currency of the entity. Hence, a) for the purpose of reporting of foreign exchange outgo, the conversion of amount from USD to INR is being considered for reporting herein. b) Company generates its revenue from operations and investment income in USD only.

Foreign exchange earnings and outgo during the year under review:

Foreign Exchange earnings – USD 9,220

Foreign Exchange outgo – USD 33,50,000.00 (P.Y. USD 32,65,000.00)

Risk Management

Risk Management is a vital activity for the Company and is the practice of identifying potential risks in advance, analysing them and taking precautionary steps to reduce/curb the risk by developing strategies to minimize risk. It is an enterprise-wide function at the Company, which covers major business and functional areas that includes Participant Exposure and Settlement Default Risk, Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk, Legal Risk, Operational Risk, Custody and Investment Risk, Technology Risk, Clearing Bank Risk etc.

Your Company has implemented "Enterprise Risk Matrix" and a "Customer Risk Profiling Matrix" to cover Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) under the Risk Management Framework to ensure that, an appropriate monitoring mechanism with suitable parameters that includes tables and numbers and Qualitative Risk Assessment to identify risk across the organization.

The AML/CFT risks as stipulated by the IFSCA are also adequately covered by assigning risk profile for each Customer proportionate to their AML/CFT risks. Following the customer due diligence procedure, the IIBX membership team assigns a specific risk profile to each customer. During the risk assessment, in case of Customers who do not meet the eligibility requirements, appropriate measures are taken.

Your Company has set up a Core Settlement Guarantee Fund (SGF) that shall be scaled up based on the Minimum Required Corpus (MRC), which shall be determined on the basis of value derived from monthly stress tests.

As part of the Risk Management, it is ensured that members are effectively equipped and aware of Trading, Clearing and Delivery related procedures to ensure smooth and error-free operation.

Your Company's risk management policies, procedures, systems and controls form a part of a coherent and consistent governance framework which is reviewed and updated regularly. The risk management policy of the Company is in accordance with the Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures ("PFMI") published by the Committee on Payments and Market Infrastructures ("CPMI") and the Technical Committee of the International Organization of Securities Commissions ("IOSCO").

Vigil Mechanism

The Company has established a Vigil Mechanism in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The Chairperson of the Audit Committee shall investigate into any concerns raised by the employees or the directors through an internal committee. Employees and other stakeholders are required to report actual or suspected violations of applicable laws and regulations and the Code of Conduct. Such genuine concerns (termed Reportable Matter) disclosed as per Policy are called "Protected Disclosures" and can be raised by a Whistle-blower through an e-mail to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee. The Vigil Mechanism is available on the Company's website and can be accessed

at https://www.iibx.co.in/download/Whistle_Blower_Policy.pdf.

Significant and Material Orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunal

There are no material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and the company's operations in future.

Auditors & Auditor's Reports

Statutory Auditors

The Statutory Auditors, M/s. Vidya & Co., (Firm Registration No. 308022E) were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the company for a period of three (3) years from the conclusion of the first Annual General meeting to the conclusion of the fourth Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2025. The Report given by the Statutory Auditors on the financial statements of the company is part of the Annual Report.

Secretarial Auditors

Your company has appointed M/s Yash Mehta & Associates (Unique Code S2016GJ391700), Company Secretaries, Ahmedabad to conduct the Secretarial Audit. The Secretarial audit report is given as Annexure to the Directors' Report.

Explanations or comments by the Board on qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer made by auditors

There has been no qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer given by the Statutory Auditor.

There has been no qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer given by the Secretarial Auditor.

Details of Application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

The company has neither made any application, nor any proceedings are pending under The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the Financial Year 2024-25.

Annual Return

MCA vide exemption notification dated January 4, 2017, has exempted the public IFSC companies

from complying with provisions of Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 regarding placing the annual return on the company's website.

Disclosures pertaining to the Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

In accordance with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 ("POSH Act") and the Rules made thereunder, the Company has in place a policy which mandates no tolerance against any conduct amounting to sexual harassment of women at workplace.

The Company has constituted Internal Complaints Committee(s) (ICCs) to redress and resolve any complaints arising under the POSH Act. Training / awareness programme are conducted at least once in a year to create sensitivity towards ensuring a respectable workplace.

No complaints have been received by the ICC during the Financial Year.

Disclosure on maintenance of cost records

The company is not required to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, and accordingly such accounts and records are not made and maintained.

The details of difference between amount of the Valuation done at the time of one time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof

The company has not availed any one-time settlement facility, during the FY2023-24, therefore the above disclosure does not apply to the company.

Change in the Financial Year

The company has not changed its Financial Year since its inception.

Details of revision of financial statement or the Report

The company has not revised its financial statement or the Report in respect of any of the three preceding Financial Years either voluntarily or pursuant to the order of any judicial authority.

Dematerialisation of equity shares of your company

The equity shares of the company are admitted with Central Depositories Services Limited (CDSL) and National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL). M/s TSR Darashaw Consultants Private

Limited was the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company since inception. During the Financial Year 2023-24, M/s TSR Darashaw merged with M/s Link Intime India Private Limited. Thereafter, the name of M/s Link Intime Private Limited was changed to MUFG Intime India Private Limited. Now, M/s MUFG Intime India Private Limited (formerly known as Link Intime India Private Limited) is the Registrar and Transfer Agent. As on date, 100% of the company's equity shares are in dematerialised form.

Secretarial Standards

The company being a public IFSC company is exempt from complying with the Secretarial Standards, with respect to Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2). However, in the interest of good governance the Company has followed the applicable Secretarial Standards, with respect to Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) to the extent practicable and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Acknowledgements

The Board places on record its deep appreciation for the excellent support to the Government of India, the Government of Gujarat & the concerned Central and State Government departments / agencies, International Financial Services Authority (IFSCA), the Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT), Office of the Senior Development Commissioner GIFT City, Specified Officer of Customs at GIFT SEZ, Director General (Systems), the Reserve Bank of India, the Directorate General of Systems & Data Management, CBIC, and Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC). The Board also expresses its sincere thanks to Gujarat International Finance Tec-City (GIFT City), Kandla Special Economic Zone (KASEZ), National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE), BSE Limited (BSE), India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (India INX), India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited (India ICC), Central Depositories Services Limited (CDSL), National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL), India International Depositories IFSC Limited (IIDI), Multi Commodities Exchange of India Limited (MCX), our Bankers and Brigade (Gujarat) Projects Private Limited, for their cooperation and support in various spheres of your company's activities. The Board of Directors also expresses its gratitude for the exemplary services rendered by the employees of your company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai Gopalaraman Padmanabhan

Date: 22.07.2025 Chairman

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

(A)	Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis				
1.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship NA				
2.	Nature of contracts/arrangements/ transactions				
3.	Duration of the contracts / arrangements/ transactions				
4.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any				
5.	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions				
6.	date(s) of approval by the Board	O			
7.	Amount paid as advances, if any:				
	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first				
	proviso to section 188				
(B)		gements or transactions at arm's length basis a	nd in		
	ordinary course of business				
1.	Name(s) of the related party and nature	Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDS)	-		
	of relationship	India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (INX)			
		BSE Technologies Private Limited (BSE Tech.)			
		Cogencis Information Services Limited (Cogencis))		
		India International Depository IFSC Limited (IIDI)		
		India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited	(IIBH)		
2.	Nature of contracts/arrangements/	CDSL - Demat Account Charges			
	transactions	INX - Computer Technology Related Expense			
		BSE Tech Computer Technology Related Expens	se		
		Cogencis - Data Feed Charges			
		IIDI - Reimbursement of Food and Training Exper	nses		
		IIBH- Issue of Equity Shares			
2	Denoting of the control of Assessment	CDCI On a line / No Leaft in a conical			
Э.	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements / transactions	CDSL - Ongoing / No lock-in period			
	/ transactions	INX - Ongoing/ No lock-in period			
		BSE Tech 5 years lock-in			
		Cogencis - Yearly renewal IIDI - One time Transaction			
		IIBH- Issue of Share Capital, event-based transacti	ion		
4.	Salient terms of the contracts or	As per agreement/Board approval			
1.	arrangements or transactions including	The per agreement, board approval			
	the value, if any:				
	, , , ,				

5.	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	CDSL - August 20, 2021
		INX - December 28, 2022
		BSE Tech August 18, 2022
		Cogencis - October 11, 2023
		IIDI- One time transaction
		IIBH- August 26, 2024
6.	Amount paid as advances, if any:	NIL

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai Date: 22.07.2025

Gopalaraman Padmanabhan

Chairman

FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2025 [Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members,

INDIA INTERNATIONAL BULLION EXCHANGE IFSC LIMITED CIN: U67190GJ2021PLC124952

Unit-1302A, Brigade International Financial Centre, 13th Floor, Building-14A, Block 14, Zone 1, GIFT SEZ, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar – 382050, Gujarat, India.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by INDIA INTERNATIONAL BULLION EXCHANGE IFSC LIMITED (hereinafter called the "Company" or "IIBX"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

The Company is an International Financial Service Centre ("IFSC") Company which has obtained necessary approval from Central Government for setting up its centre in GIFT SEZ-IFSC. IIBX has been conceptualized to provide a gateway to import bullion into India and provide world class bullion exchange ecosystem to promote bullion trading, investment in bullion financial products and vaulting facilities in IFSCs.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended **March 31, 2025** complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and the Company has proper Board-processes and Compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended **March 31, 2025** according to the provisions of:

- 1) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
- 2) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made there under;
- 3) The following Regulations prescribed by International Financial Services Centres Authority (IFSCA) under IFSCA Act, 2019:
 - (a) IFSCA (Bullion Exchange) Regulations, 2020 and IFSCA (Bullion Market) Regulations, 2025 (w.e.f. 4th February 2025)
 - (b) IFSCA (Market Infrastructure Institutions) Regulations, 2021.

- 4) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- 5) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations framed thereunder and to the extent it is applicable to IFSC Company;
- 6) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') are **NOT APPLICABLE** to the Company as the Company's Securities are not listed on any Stock Exchange:
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 / The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employees Benefits), Regulations, 2014;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021;
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy Back of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018 (Came into force w.e.f.01.01.2019)
 - (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Following Standards / Clauses / Regulations were not required to examine, as the same are **NOT APPLICABLE** to the Company:

i) Secretarial Standards with respect to the Meetings of the Board of Directors and Committee Meetings of the Board (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

We have relied on the representations made by the Company, its officers and on the reports given by designated professionals for systems and processes formed by the Company to monitor and ensure compliances under applicable Acts, Laws and Regulations to the Company.

Auditor's Responsibility

The responsibility of the Auditor is to express opinion on the compliance with the applicable laws and maintenance of records based on audit. The audit was conducted in accordance with applicable Standards and those Standards require that the Auditor comply with statutory and

regulatory requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about compliance with applicable laws and maintenance of Records.

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some Misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the Standards.

We further report that:

During the year under review, the Company has **COMPLIED** with all the material aspects of the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines and Standards etc. as mentioned above. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted.

However, IFSCA had conducted the inspection during the year under review and provided the observation against which the Company clarified via reply dated May 09, 2024.

The changes in the composition of Board that took place during the FY 2024-25 were carried out in compliance of the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice were given to all the Directors to schedule the Board Meetings in advance in due compliances of law. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were also sent in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarification on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the meetings of Board of Directors / Committees of the Company were carried through based on majority. We were informed that there were no dissenting views by any members of Board / Committee in the meetings held during the year under review that were required to be captured and recorded as part of the minutes

We further report that:

There are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that:

During the audit period, there were following major instances:

Appointment/ Reappointment of Directors of the Company:

• Shri Ashok Kumar Gautam (DIN: 02756851) re-appointed as Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer of the Company for second term, for a period of 2 (two) years or until he attains the age of sixty five years, whichever is earlier.

Resignation/ Retirement of Director;

- Shri Rajesh Saraf resigned from the directorship of the Company with effect from February 11, 2025.
- Shri Jugal Kishore Mahapatra retired from the directorship of the Company with effect from March 20, 2025.

• Shri Arvind Sahay retired from the directorship of the Company with effect from March 30, 2025.

Regularisation of Directors:

- Shri Mayank Jain (DIN 09832339), who was appointed as an additional director of the company with effect from October 6, 2023, appointed as non-executive Shareholder Director of the Company at the AGM held on August 28, 2024.
- Shri Rajesh Saraf (DIN 07236689), who was appointed as an additional director of the company with effect from October 11, 2023, appointed as non-executive Shareholder Director of the Company at the AGM held on August 28, 2024
- Shri Prashant Vagal (DIN 09314608), who was appointed as an additional director of the company with effect from February 20, 2024, appointed as non-executive Shareholder Director of the Company at the AGM held on August 28, 2024

The Company has allotted 100 Cr. Equity Shares to its holding Company at Re. 1/- each on Right issue basis on September 09, 2024.

There were no other instances of:

- a) Public issue / Debentures / Sweat Equity etc.
- b) Redemption / Buy Back of Securities.
- c) Merger / amalgamation / Reconstruction etc.
- d) Foreign Technical Collaboration.

FOR YASH MEHTA & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES

YASH MEHTA PROPRIETOR FCS: 12143 COP: 16535

Peer Review: 1269/2021 UDIN: F012143G000957087

Date: 07.08.2025 Place: Ahmedabad

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as "ANNEXURE - A" and forms an integral part of this report.

^{*}Note 1: The Company being an IFSC Company is exempted from complying with certain provisions of Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to the Notification issued by MCA dated January 4, 2017.

^{*}Note 2: IFSCA is an Authority established under sub-section (1) of Section 4 of IFSCA Act, 2019 to develop and regulate the financial services market in the International Financial Services Centres in India for matter connected therewith or incidental thereto.

"ANNEXURE - A"

To, The Members,

INDIA INTERNATIONAL BULLION EXCHANGE IFSC LIMITED CIN: U67190GJ2021PLC124952

Unit-1302A, Brigade International Financial Centre, 13th Floor, Building-14A, Block 14, Zone 1,GIFT SEZ, GIFT CITY,

Gandhinagar - 382050, Gujarat, India.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain responsible assurance about the correctness of the contents of Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a responsible basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

FOR YASH MEHTA & ASSOCIATES COMPANY SECRETARIES

> YASH MEHTA PROPRIETOR FCS: 12143

COP: 16535

Peer Review: 1269/2021 UDIN: F012143G000957087

Date: 07.08.2025 Place: Ahmedabab

Independent Auditor's Report

To

The Members of India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were

addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements. The result of our procedures, including the procedures performed provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that if there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone

financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
 - In terms of Notification No G.S.R. 08(E) dated January 4, 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs under section 462 of the Act and in pursuance of sub-section (2) of the said section of Companies Act 2013(18 of 2013), the provisions of section 197 in respect of the remuneration paid by the Company (licensed to operate by RBI or SEBI or IRDA) to its directors are not applicable to the Company situated in IFSC centers. Hence reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the Company;
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- i) Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year

for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

2)

- (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures, we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.
- 3) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For Vidya& Co., Chartered Accountants

FRN: 308022E

Rajendra K Nagar Partner M. No. 057240 Ahmedabad, April 21, 2025 UDIN: 25057240BMLFOR8311

Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of **India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited** of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (IFCoR) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness

exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

According to Ministry of Company Affairs (MCA) notification dated March 24, 2021 (Companies Accounts Amendment Rules, 2021), for the financial year beginning on or after April 1, 2023 (date as amended), every company that uses accounting software to maintain its books of account from Financial Year 2023-24 shall use only Accounting Software that has a feature of recording an -

- Audit Trail of each and every transaction,
- Creating an edit log of each change made in books of account along with the date when such changes were made.
- Ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

An audit trail is an essential tool for financial reporting and is critical for compliance, fraud prevention, reconstruction of events, accountability of user, security for cyber-attacks to ensure accuracy and integrity of the financial data prepared for the year by the company.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Vidya& Co., **Chartered Accountants**

FRN: 308022E

Rajendra K Nagar **Partner** M. No. 057240 Ahmedabad, April 21,2025

UDIN: 25057240BMLFOR831

Annexure 'B' to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of **India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited** of even date)

Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the financial statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- 1) In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets:
- a)
- i) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
- ii) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Intangible Assets.
- b) The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of Property, Plant and Equipment in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the examination of registered lease deed provided to us in respect of immovable property of office premise that has been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed asset, the lease agreement is in the name of the Company.
- d) the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year;
- e) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder;
- 2) (a) The Company is a service company, primarily rendering financial services as Bullion Exchange and Clearing in the Capital market at IFSC Gandhinagar SEZ. Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventories. Hence reporting under paragraph 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets;

- 3) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, LLPs or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii)(a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 4) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any investment or provided any guarantee or security in terms of provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act. Hence reporting under paragraph 3 (iv) of the Order is not applicable
- 5) The Company has not accepted deposits from public during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at March 31, 2025 and therefore, the provisions of the clause 3 (v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 6) As informed to us, the maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Thus, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- 7) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - i) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
 - ii) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - iii) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, goods and services tax, duty of customs outstanding on account of any dispute.
- 8) To the best of our knowledge and belief, there are no transaction which are not recorded in the books of account and have been surrendered or disclosed as income tax during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- 9) The company has not taken any loan or has borrowings from any financial institutions or banks or any government or any debenture holders or any lender during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix)(a) to (f) of the order is not applicable.

- 10) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans. However, the company has made any share allotment on rights basis to the shareholder, the holding company of Rs 1000 million during the year complying with the requirements of Companies Act 2013 and the relevant regulations thereunder. The allotment was made on 12th September 2024 of 1000 million shares at Re 1/per share valuation
- 11) i) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year and hence reporting under clause 3 (xi)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
 - ii) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company received one whistle blower complaint by anonymous mail to ACB Chairman and IFSCA authority without any evidence or material in support of the complaint. However, the ACB Chairman further investigated the matter with the help of an investigating agency duly appointed and received the final report after the completion of the investigation in due time. The report concluded that the anonymous complaint made had no basis or truth on the matter reported and there was no evidence of any malfeasance being committed by any responsible officer of the company;
- 12) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- 13) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards;
- 14) i)As per section 138 of Companies Act, 2013 provisions regarding internal audit, the company has an internal audit system which is commensurate with the size and nature of business of the company.
 - ii) The reports of the Internal Auditor have been considered for the period under audit;
- 15) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- 16) i)The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

ii)To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (COR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;

iii)To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India;

- iv) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Group does not have any CIC as part of the Group;
- 17) During the period under reporting, the company has not incurred any cash loss in the financial year, loss in PY- Rs 32.50 million (USD 392570).
- 18) During the period under reporting no auditor has resigned in the company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable.
- 19) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report, that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- 20) As per section 135 of Companies Act, 2013, provisions regarding CSR is not applicable to company as company is not crossing threshold limit given under such section. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx) of the order is not applicable.
- 21) The Regulator IFSCA in Gift City has notified in the Official Gazette on 13th February 2025 that as per IFSCA (Bullion Market) Regulations, 2025, minimum Networth of USD 10 million each for Bullion Exchange and Bullion Clearing Corporation is required. The company IIBX has complied with Networth of USD 24.38 million as on March 31, 2025 (PY USD 11.26 million)

For Vidya& Co., Chartered Accountants

FRN: 308022E

Rajendra K Nagar Partner M. No. 057240 Ahmedabad, April 21, 2025

UDIN: 25057240BMLFOR8311

India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited CIN: U67190GJ2021PLC124952 Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025

					nount in `000		
	Note	March 31	As		March 31, 2024		
Particulars	No.	Rs	USD	Rs	USD		
	1101	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited		
ASSETS							
Non-current assets							
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3(a)	1,50,942.31	1,763.73	1,75,735.03	2,107.81		
(b) Intangible Assets	3(b)	86,703.89	1,013.12	27,144.53	325.58		
(c) Intangible Assets under Development		924.61	10.80	36,017.52	432.00		
(d) Financial assets							
(i) Other financial assets	4	4,847.83	56.65	4,565.55	54.76		
(e) Other Non-current assets	5	1,917.02	22.40	15,139.87	297.37		
Total non-current assets		2,45,335.67	2,866.70	2,58,602.50	3,217.52		
Current assets							
(a) Financial assets							
(i) Trade receivables	4	14,845.22	173.47	486.20	5.84		
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	4	12,44,402.03	14,540.57	3,44,949.94	4,137.39		
(iii) Bank balance other than (ii) above	4	8,35,133.69	9,758.36	5,33,202.31	6,395.32		
(iv) Others financial assets	4	863.08	10.08	863.06	10.35		
(b) Current tax assets	6	7,626.17	89.11	3,406.47	40.86		
(c) Other current assets	5	36,860.43	430.71	25,367.76	188.49		
Total current assets		21,39,730.62	25,002.30	9,08,275.74	10,778.25		
Total Assets		23,85,066.28	27,869.00	11,66,878.24	13,995.77		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			-		-		
Equity							
Equity share capital	7	21,50,000.00	26,879.00	11,50,000.00	14,967.27		
Other equity	8	(63,109.99)	(2,494.11)	(2,11,490.78)	(3,710.60		
Total equity		20,86,890.01	24,384.89	9,38,509.22	11,256.67		
Liabilities							
Non-current liabilities							
(a) Financial liabilities							
(i) Lease Liability	21	46,116.89	538.87	51,214.57	614.28		
(b) Long-term Provisions	9	10,330.81	120.71	6,004.64	72.02		
Total non-current liabilities		56,447.70	659.58	57,219.21	686.30		
Current liabilities							
(a) Financial liabilities							
(i) Trade payables							
Total outstanding dues of micro and							
small enterprises	10	_	_	_	_		
Total outstanding dues of creditors							
other than micro and small enterprises	10	25,874.78	302.35	52,660.96	631.63		
(ii) Lease Liability	21	5,097.68	59.57	4,445.89	53.32		
(iii) Other financial liabilities	10	1,90,418.62	2,225.00	98,798.08	1,185.00		
(b) Short-term provisions	9	16,712.91	195.28	12,097.27	145.10		
(c) Other current liabilities	11	3,624.58	42.24	3,147.19	37.75		
Total current liabilities		2,41,728.57	2,824.43	1,71,149.39	2,052.80		
Total equity and liabilities		23,85,066.28	27,869.00	11,66,878.24	13,995.77		
Summary of significant accounting policies	1-2		<u> </u>				
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the fir		itements.					

As per our report of even date attached

For Vidya & Co.

Firm Registration No. 308022E

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 02756851

Gopalaraman Padmanabhan Ashok Kumar Gautam Chairman DIN: 07130908 Rajendra K Nagar Partner

Membership No. 057240

Gandhinagar

Date: April 21, 2025 Chetan Pabari **Kirty Pareek** UDIN: 25057240BMLFOR8311 **Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary**

India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited CIN: U67190GJ2021PLC124952

Statement of profit and loss for the Year Ended March 31, 2025

•	•		ŕ		Amount in `000		
		For the Ye	ar ended	For the Yea	For the Year ended		
D (* 1	Note	March 31, 2025		March 3	1, 2024		
Particulars	No.	'Rs	'USD	'Rs	'USD		
		Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited		
Income							
Revenue from operations	12	3,13,195.88	3,703.40	1,13,524.81	1,371.21		
Other income	13	77,672.47	918.45	42,414.32	512.30		
Total income (I)		3,90,868.35	4,621.85	1,55,939.13	1,883.51		
Expenses	_						
Computer technology related expenses		1,03,600.17	1,225.01	80,204.52	968.74		
Employee benefits expense	14	93,323.91	1,103.52	68,310.09	825.09		
Finance costs	15	3,061.54	36.20	3,317.06	40.06		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	16	45,890.74	542.64	31,410.52	379.39		
Other expenses	17	46,169.72	545.93	36,611.69	442.19		
Total expenses (II)	_	2,92,046.08	3,453.30	2,19,853.88	2,655.47		
Profit/(Loss) before tax (III) = (I-II)	=	98,822.27	1,168.55	(63,914.75)	(771.96)		
Tax expense		,	,	() /	,		
Current tax		_	_	_	_		
Deferred tax		_	_	_	_		
Total tax expense (IV)	_	_	_	-	-		
Profit/(Loss) for the year (V) = (III-IV)	_	98,822.27	1,168.55	(63,914.75)	(771.96)		
Other comprehensive income	=	<u> </u>	<u>, </u>	(, , ,			
Items that will not to be reclassified to							
profit or loss in subsequent years:							
Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined							
benefit plans		-548.47	-6.49	-245.12	-2.96		
Income tax effect		010.17	0.17	240.12	2.50		
income tax effect	_	-548.47	-6.49	-245.12	-2.96		
Items that will be reclassified to profit or	_	010.17	0.13	210.12	2.50		
loss in subsequent years:							
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		43,692.20	_	13,447.09	_		
Income tax effect		40,072.20	_	15,447.07			
income tax effect	-	43,692.20		13,447.09			
Total other comprehensive income for	-	40,072.20		15,117.07			
the year		43,143.73	-6.49	13,201.97	-2.96		
the year	=	10,110.70	-0.49	15,201.57	-2.90		
Total comprehensive income for the	_						
year, net of tax (VII+VIII)		1,41,966.00	1,162.06	(50,712.78)	(774.92)		
Earning per Equity share	=	1,11,700.00	1,102.00	(00,112.70)	(114,72)		
[Nominal Value per share Rs. 1/-							
(Previous year Rs. 1/-)]							
Basic & Diluted		0.058	0.001	(0.056)	(0.001)		
Weighted average number of shares (Nos.)			1,70,06,84,932	1,15,00,00,000	1,15,00,00,000		
	1)	1,70,06,84,932	1,70,00,04,732	1,13,00,00,000	1,10,00,00,000		
Summary of significant accounting policies	1-2						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Vidya & Co.

Firm Registration No. 308022E

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Gopalaraman Padmanabhan Chairman DIN: 07130908

Ashok Kumar Gautam Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 02756851

Rajendra K Nagar

Partner

Membership No. 057240

Gandhinagar

Date: April 21, 2025 UDIN: 25057240BMLFOR8311 Chetan Pabari Chief Financial Officer Kirty Pareek Company Secretary

India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited CIN: U67190GJ2021PLC124952

Statement of cash flows for the Year ended March 31, 2025

		For the Year	For the Year ended		
		March 31,		March 31, 2024	
Pa	rticulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
		Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Α	Operating activities				
	operating activities				
	Profit/(Loss) Before taxation	98,822.27	1,168.55	(63,914.75)	(771.96
	Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:				
	Depreciation/Amortization	45,890.74	542.64	31,410.52	379.39
	Interest Income	(75,851.66)	(896.91)	(41,107.24)	(496.51
	Interest and Other Borrowing Cost	3,061.54	36.20	3,317.06	40.06
	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined	(548.47)	(6.49)	(245.12)	(2.96
	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	43,692.20	-	13,447.09	-
	Unrealised foreign Exchange (Gain)/Loss on Lease liability	36.62	(16.05)	-	(9.40
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	1,15,103.24	827.94	(57,092.44)	(861.38
	Working Capital Changes:				
	Changes in trade payables	(26,786.18)	(329.28)	(22,896.65)	(287.37
	Changes in other current liabilities	477.39	4.49	1,372.34	16.15
	Changes in other financial liabilities	91,620.54	1,040.00	21,362.42	241.72
	Changes in provisions	8,941.81	98.87	6,012.11	71.5
	Changes in trade receivables	(14,359.02)	(167.63)	(312.06)	(3.7
	Changes in other assets	1,729.76	32.84	4,911.64	66.5
	Changes in other financial assets	(282.30)	(1.62)	39,642.98	483.09
	Net Changes in Working Capital	61,342.00	677.67	50,092.78	587.95
	Cash Generated from Operations	1,76,445.24	1,505.61	(6,999.66)	(273.43
	Direct Taxes paid	(4,219.70)	(48.25)	820.81	10.56
	Net Cash from Operating Activities	1,72,225.54	1,457.36	(6,178.85)	(262.87
3	Cash Flow from Investing Activities	(C 4E0 00)	(25.46)	(01 750 14)	(054.1
	Purchase of property, plant & equipment	(6,458.99)	(25.46)	(31,758.14)	(354.16
	Purchase of Intangible Assets	(74,198.39)	(860.64)	(14,632.15)	(173.13
	Intangible Assets under Development	35,092.91	421.20	(36,017.52)	(432.00
	Changes in Investments in Fixed Deposits	(3,01,931.38)	(3,363.04)	2,46,419.11	3,101.18
	Interest Income	75,851.66	896.91	41,107.24	496.5
	Net cash flow from Investing Activities	(2,71,644.19)	(2,931.03)	2,05,118.54	2,638.40
2	Cash Flow from Financing Activities				
	Proceeds from Issue of Equity Shares	10,00,000.00	11,911.73	_	_
	Principal payment of lease liability	(7,544.05)	(89.31)	(7,162.57)	(86.83
	Contribution to Default Fund	6,414.79	54.43	84,974.75	1,019.2
	Interest and Other Borrowing Cost Paid	_	_	_	_
	Net Cash flow from Financing Activities	9,98,870.74	11,876.85	77,812.18	932.37
		0.00.452.00	10 402 19	2,76,751.87	3,307.90
	Net Increase/(Decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	0,99.452.09	10,403.10	4,/0,/31.0/	
	Net Increase/(Decrease) in cash & cash equivalents Cash & Cash equivalent at the beginning of the Period	8,99,452.09 3,44,949.94	10,403.18 4,137.39	68,198.07	829.49

¹ The cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) statement of cash flows.

As per our report of even date attached For Vidya & Co.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Firm Registration No. 308022E **Chartered Accountants**

> Gopalaraman Padmanabhan Ashok Kumar Gautam Chairman **Managing Director & CEO** DIN: 07130908 DIN: 02756851

Rajendra K Nagar Partner Membership No. 057240 Gandhinagar

Date: April 21, 2025 UDIN: 25057240BMLFOR8311 Chetan Pabari **Chief Financial Officer** Kirty Pareek **Company Secretary**

Amount in `000

² Movement in Earmarked asset and liability is not considered.

India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited CIN : U67190GJ2021PLC124952 Statement of changes in Equity for the Year ended March 31, 2025

A. Equity share capital

	An	Amount in '000	
Particulars	Rs	USD	
As at April 01, 2022	5,00,000.00	6,792.13	
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the Period	6,50,000.00	8,175.14	
As at March 31, 2023	11,50,000.00	14,967.27	
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the Period	-	-	
As at March 31, 2024	11,50,000.00	14,967.27	
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the Period	10,00,000.00	11,911.73	
As at March 31, 2025	21,50,000.00	26,879.00	

B. Other equity

		OCI				0.0			nount in `000
Particulars	Foreign Currency translation reserve	Other than	ı FCTR	Default Fur		& Surplus Retained Ea	rnings	Total Other E	quity
	Rs	Rs	USD	Rs	USD	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
Balance as at April 01, 2022	14,118.65	-	-	-	-	(58,767.69)	(785.43)	(44,649.04)	(785.43
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-			-	-	(1,74,405.43)	(2,169.45)	(1,74,405.43)	(2,169.45
Other comprehensive income for the year	56,675.62	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,675.62	-
Total Comprehensive income for the year	56,675.62	-	-	-	-	(1,74,405.43)	(2,169.45)	(1,17,729.81)	(2,169.45
Balance as at March 31, 2023	70,794.27	-	-	-	-	(2,33,173.12)	(2,954.88)	(1,62,378.85)	(2,954.88
Balance as at April 1, 2023	70,794.27			_	_	(2,33,173.12)	(2,954.88)	(1,62,378.85)	(2,954.88
Profit/(Loss) for the year				-	-	(63,914.75)	(771.96)	(63,914.75)	(771.96
Add: Contribution to Default Fund (SGF)	-			83,373.90	1,000.00	- 1		83,373.90	1,000.00
Add: Income Earned During the Year	-			1,600.85	19.20	-	-	1,600.85	19.20
Less: Contribution to Default Fund (SGF)	-			=	_	(83,373.90)	(1,000.00)	(83,373.90)	(1,000.00
Other comprehensive income for the year	13,447.09	(245.12)	(2.96)	_	_	-	=	13,201.97	(2.96
Total Comprehensive income for the year	13,447.09	(245.12)	(2.96)	84,974.75	1,019.20	(1,47,288.65)	(1,771.96)	(49,111.93)	(755.72
Balance as at March 31,2024	84,241.36	(245.12)	(2.96)	84,974.75	1,019.20	(3,80,461.77)	(4,726.84)	(2,11,490.78)	(3,710.60
Balance as at April 1, 2024	84,241.36	(245.12)	(2.96)	84,974.75	1,019.20	(3,80,461.77)	(4,726.84)	(2,11,490.78)	(3,710.60
Less: Contribution to Default Fund (SGF)	· -		-	· -	· -	98,822.27	1,168.55	98,822.27	1,168.55
Add: Contribution to Default Fund (SGF)	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Add: Income Earned During the Year	_	_	_	6,414.79	54.43	-	_	6,414.79	54.43
Less: Contribution to Default Fund (SGF)	_	_	_	=	_			_	_
Other comprehensive income for the year	43,692.20	(548.47)	(6.49)	_	-	-	-	43,143.73	(6.49
Total Comprehensive income for the year	43,692.20	(548.47)	(6.49)	6,414.79	54.43	98,822.27	1,168.55	1,48,380.79	1,216.49
Balance as at March 31, 2025	1,27,933.56	(793.59)	(9.45)	91,389.54	1,073.63	(2,81,639.50)	(3,558.29)	(63,109.99)	(2,494.11

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached For Vidya & Co. Firm Registration No. 308022E Chartered Accountants

Rajendra K Nagar Partner Membership No. 057240 Gandhinagar Date: April 21, 2025 UDIN: 25057240BMLFOR8311 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Padmanabhan Gopalaraman Chairman DIN: 07130908 Ashok Kumar Gautam Managing Director & CEO DIN: 02756851

Chetan Pabari Chief Financial Officer Kirty Pareek Company Secretary

Note 3(a): Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Right of Use	Computer,	Furniture &	Office	Total
	Assets	server & network	fixture	equipment	
Gross Carrying Value					
As at April 1, 2023	69,762.50	1,08,531.76	2,359.54	2,594.89	1,83,248.69
Additions	-	30,301.81	-	9.41	30,311.22
Deductions	-	-	-	-	-
Currency Fluctuation	981.92	745.75	33.21	35.24	1,796.12
As at March 31, 2024	70,744.42	1,39,579.32	2,392.75	2,639.54	2,15,356.03
As at April 1, 2024	70,744.42	1,39,579.32	2,392.75	2,639.54	2,15,356.03
Additions	-	2,151.52	-	28.24	2,179.76
Deductions	-	-	-	-	-
Currency Fluctuation	1,873.11	3,695.57	63.35	70.06	5,702.09
As at March 31, 2025	72,617.53	1,45,426.41	2,456.10	2,737.84	2,23,237.88
Accumulated Depreciation					
As at April 1, 2023	7,476.80	3,000.57	80.20	418.59	10,976.16
Depreciation for the period Deductions	6,288.04	21,242.24	237.61	523.51	28,291.40
Currency Fluctuation	149.59	- 191.49	2.79	- 9.57	353.44
As at March 31, 2024	13,914.43	24,434.30	320.60	951.67	39,621.00
Ac at April 1 2024	12 014 42	24 424 20	220.40	0E1 77	20 (21 00
As at April 1, 2024	13,914.43	24,434.30	320.60	951.67	39,621.00
Depreciation for the period Deductions	1,582.48	12,008.89	119.87	264.82	13,976.06
Currency Fluctuation	5,118.16	13,140.57	134.23	305.55	18,698.68
As at March 31, 2025	20,615.07	49,583.76	574.70	1,522.04	72,295.74
Net Carrying Value					
As at March 31, 2025	52,002.46	95,842.65	1,881.40	1,215.80	1,50,942.31
As at March 31, 2024	56,829.99	1,15,145.02	2,072.15	1,687.87	1,75,735.03
					USD in `000
Particulars	Right of Use	Computer,	Furniture &	Office	Total
	Assets	server & network	fixture	equipment	
Gross Carrying Value					
As at April 1, 2023	848.52	1,320.07	28.70	31.55	2,228.84
Additions	=	354.07	-	0.11	354.18
Deductions	-	_	_	-	_
As at March 31, 2024	848.52	1,674.14	28.70	31.66	2,583.02
As at April 1, 2024	848.52	1,674.14	28.70	31.66	2,583.02
Additions	-	25.14	-	0.33	25.47
Deductions					_
As at March 31, 2025	848.52	1,699.28	28.70	31.99	2,608.49
Accumulated Depreciation					
As at April 1, 2023	90.94	36.50	0.97	5.09	133.50
Depreciation for the Period	75.95	256.57	2.87	6.32	341.71
Deductions	_	_	_	-	_
As at March 31, 2024	166.89	293.07	3.84	11.41	475.21
As at April 1, 2024	166.89	293.07	3.84	11.41	475.21
Depreciation for the Period	73.99	286.31	2.88	6.37	369.55
Deductions		200.01		0.07	
As at March 31, 2025	240.88	579.38	6.72	17.78	844.76
Net Carrying Value					
As at March 31, 2025	607.64	1,119.90	21.98	14.21	1,763.73
	681.63	1,381.07		20.25	

Note 3(b): Intangible assets

		Rs in `000
Particulars	Computer Software	Total
Gross Carrying Value		
As at April 1, 2022	-	-
Additions	15,973.95	15,973.95
Deductions	-	-
Currency Fluctuation	178.50	178.50
As at March 31, 2023	16,152.45	16,152.45
As at April 1, 2023	16,152.45	16,152.45
Additions	14,434.52	14,434.52
Deductions	-	-
Currency Fluctuation	226.89	226.89
As at March 31, 2024	30,813.86	30,813.86
As at April 1, 2024	30,813.86	30,813.86
Additions	73,654.78	73,654.78
Deductions		
Currency Fluctuation	815.87	815.87
As at March 31, 2025	1,05,284.51	1,05,284.51
Accumulated Amortisation		
As at April 1, 2023	520.95	520.95
Amortisation for the Period	3,119.12	3,119.12
Deductions	-	-
Currency Fluctuation	29.26	29.26
As at March 31, 2024	3,669.33	3,669.33
As at April 1, 2024	2 660 22	2 660 22
As at April 1, 2024 Amortisation for the Period	3,669.33	3,669.33
Deductions	14,814.14	14,814.14
Currency Fluctuation	97.15	97.15
As at March 31, 2025	18,580.62	18,580.62
Net Carrying Value		
As at March 31, 2025	86,703.89	86,703.89
As at March 31, 2024	27,144.53	27,144.53
		USD in `000
Particulars	Computer	Total
Cuoso Comming Volvo	Software	
Gross Carrying Value As at April 1, 2023	196.46	196.46
Additions	173.13	173.13
Deductions	173.13	
		175.15
As at March 31, 2024	369.59	369.59
	369.59	-
As at March 31, 2024		369.59
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024	369.59 369.59 860.64	-
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024	369.59	369.59 369.59
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024	369.59	369.59 369.59 860.64
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025	369.59 860.64	369.59 369.59 860.64
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025 Accumulated Amortisation	369.59 860.64	369.59 369.59 860.64
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025 Accumulated Amortisation As at April 1, 2023	369.59 860.64 1,230.23	369.59 369.59 860.64 - 1,230.23
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025 Accumulated Amortisation As at April 1, 2023 Amortisation for the Period	369.59 860.64 1,230.23	369.59 369.59 860.64 - 1,230.23
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025 Accumulated Amortisation As at April 1, 2023 Amortisation for the Period Deductions	369.59 860.64 1,230.23	369.59 369.59 860.64 - 1,230.23
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025 Accumulated Amortisation As at April 1, 2023 Amortisation for the Period Deductions	369.59 860.64 1,230.23 6.33 37.68	369.59 369.59 860.64 - 1,230.23 6.33 37.68
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025 Accumulated Amortisation As at April 1, 2023 Amortisation for the Period Deductions As at March 31, 2024	369.59 860.64 1,230.23 6.33 37.68	369.59 369.59 860.64 - 1,230.23 6.33 37.68
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025 Accumulated Amortisation As at April 1, 2023 Amortisation for the Period Deductions As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024	369.59 860.64 1,230.23 6.33 37.68 - 44.01	369.59 369.59 860.64 - 1,230.23 6.33 37.68 - 44.01
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025 Accumulated Amortisation As at April 1, 2023 Amortisation for the Period Deductions As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Amortisation for the Period	369.59 860.64 1,230.23 6.33 37.68 - 44.01	369.59 369.59 860.64 - 1,230.23 6.33 37.68 - 44.01
	369.59 860.64 1,230.23 6.33 37.68 - 44.01	369.59 369.59 860.64 - 1,230.23 6.33 37.68 - 44.01
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025 Accumulated Amortisation As at April 1, 2023 Amortisation for the Period Deductions As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Amortisation for the Period Deductions As at March 31, 2025	369.59 860.64 1,230.23 6.33 37.68 - 44.01	369.59 369.59 860.64 1,230.23 6.33 37.68 44.01 173.10
As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Additions As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025 Accumulated Amortisation As at April 1, 2023 Amortisation for the Period Deductions As at March 31, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 As at April 1, 2024 Amortisation for the Period Deductions	369.59 860.64 1,230.23 6.33 37.68 - 44.01	369.59 369.59 860.64 1,230.23 6.33 37.68 44.01 173.10

Note 4: Financial assets

4(a): Trade receivables

			An	nount in `000
		As a	t	
D (1.1	March 31	1, 2025	March 31,	2024
Particulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Secured, considered good			-	-
Unsecured, considered good	14,845.22	173.47	486.20	5.84
Total	14,845.22	173.47	486.20	5.84

Ageing Schedule of trade receivable:

			An	nount in `000
		As a	t	
Particulars	March 31	, 2025	March 31,	2024
rarticulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Undisputed trade receivable				
considered Good:				
Less than 6 months	14,845.22	173.47	368.81	4.43
More than 6 months			117.39	1.41
Total	14,845.22	173.47	486.20	5.84

4(b): Cash and cash equivalent

Amount in `000 As at March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 **Particulars** Rs USD Rs **USD** Audited Audited Audited Audited Balance with Bank 92,974.59 In Current Accounts - Own Funds 37,277.49 435.58 1,115.16 In Current Accounts - Member Funds 4,279.07 50.00 In Current Accounts - SGF 0.03 In Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months - Own Funds 10,61,209.36 12,400.00 83,373.90 1,000.00 - Member Funds 50,107.91 585.50 81,706.42 980.00 - Earmarked Fund - SGF (Refer Note) 1.057.33 1,000.00 90,487.44 83,373.90 Accrued Interest 42.23 1,040.73 12.16 3,521.13 14,540.57 **Total** 12,44,402.03 3,44,949.94 4,137.39

4(c): Other bank balance

			An	nount in `000
		As	at	
Particulars	March 31	1, 2025	March 31,	2024
rarticulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Deposits with original maturity of more				
than 3 months but less than 12 months				
- Own Funds	6,54,269.80	7,645.00	5,25,255.57	6,300.00
- Member Funds	1,36,031.64	1,589.50	-	-
- Earmarked Fund - SGF (Refer Note below)	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest	44,832.25	523.86	7,946.74	95.32
Total	8,35,133.69	9,758.36	5,33,202.31	6,395.32

Note: The above mentioned Cash and Bank balances are restricted Cash and Bank Balances which are to be used for specified purpose. Accordingly it is shown as Bank balances other than above. All other Cash and Bank balances are available for the operating activities of the Company.

4(d): Other financial assets

			An	nount in `000		
	As at					
Particulars	March 31	, 2025	March 31,	2024		
1 atticulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD		
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited		
Non-current						
Bank Deposits with original maturity						
- Own Funds	_	-	_	_		
- Member Funds	-	-	-	-		
Interest accrued on Bank Deposits						
- Own Funds	-	-	-	-		
- Member Funds	-	-	-	-		
Security deposits						
Considered good	4,847.83	56.65	4,565.55	54.76		
O .	4,847.83	56.65	4,565.55	54.76		
Current						
Security deposits						
Considered good	863.08	10.08	863.06	10.35		
Others	-		_	_		
	863.08	10.08	863.06	10.35		
Total	5,710.91	66.73	5,428.61	65.11		

Note 5: Other assets

			An	nount in `000		
	As at					
Particulars	March 31	, 2025	March 31,	2024		
rarticulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD		
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited		
Non-current						
Prepaid Account	1,917.02	22.40	15,139.87	297.37		
1	1,917.02	22.40	15,139.87	297.37		
Current						
Advance to suppliers						
To Related Party			280.97	3.37		
To Others	557.70	6.52	78.84	0.95		
GST Input Credit	226.45	2.65	215.05	2.58		
TDS on GST	6.85	0.08	-	-		
Prepaid expenses	36,069.43	421.46	24,792.90	181.59		
•	36,860.43	430.71	25,367.76	188.49		
Total	38,777.45	453.11	40,507.63	485.86		

Note 6 : Current Tax Assets

		As a		nount in `000
Particulars	March 31	1, 2025	March 31,	2024
	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Tax Deducted at Source	7,626.17	89.11	3,336.47	40.02
Tax Collected at Source	-	-	70.00	0.84
Total	7,626.17	89.11	3,406.47	40.86

Note 7: Equity share capital

				Amount in `000		
		As at				
Danti aulama	March	31, 2025	March	31, 2024		
Particulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD		
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited		
Authorised share capital						
3,00,00,00,000 Equity shares of Rs.1 each	30,00,000.00	Not Applicable	15,00,000.00	Not Applicable		
(Previous Year 1,50,00,00,000 Shares)						
Issued and subscribed share capital						
1,15,00,00,000 Equity shares of Rs.1 each	21,50,000.00	Not Applicable	11,50,000.00	Not Applicable		
(Previous Year 1,15,00,00,000 Shares)						
Subscribed and fully paid up						
1,15,00,00,000 Equity shares of Rs.1 each						
(Previous Year 50,00,00,000 Shares)	21,50,000.00	26,879.00	11,50,000.00	14,967.27		
Total	21,50,000.00	26,879.00	11,50,000.00	14,967.27		

7(a): Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the Reporting period

			100
Am	OUT	ıt in	(00

				Amount in `000
		As	at	
Particulars	March 31	, 2025	March 31	, 2024
	No. of shares	Rs	No. of shares	Rs
At the beginning of the period	1,15,00,00,000	11,50,000.00	1,15,00,00,000	11,50,000.00
Add:				
Addition during the Period	1,00,00,00,000	10,00,000.00	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the period	2,15,00,00,000	21,50,000.00	1,15,00,00,000	11,50,000.00

7(b): Terms/Rights attached to the equity shares

The Company has one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs.1 each. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

7(c): Number of Shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% Shares in the company

		As a	ıt	
Name of the Shareholder	March 3	1, 2025	March 31, 2024	
	No. of shares	% of	No. of shares	% of
		shareholding		shareholding
India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited	2,15,00,00,000	100.00	1,15,00,00,000	100.00

7(d): Number of Shares held by promoters of the company

	As at				
Name of the Shareholder	March 3	1, 2025	March 31, 2024		
Name of the Shareholder	No. of shares	% of shareholding	No. of shares	% of shareholding	
India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited	2,15,00,00,000	100.00	1,15,00,00,000	100.00	

			Ar	mount in `000
		As	at	
Particulars	March 31,	2025	March 31,	, 2024
T WITCHING	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Note 8 (a): Reserves & Surplus				
Share Application Money	-	-	-	-
Surplus in statement of profit and loss				
Balance as per last financial statements	(3,80,461.77)	(4,726.84)	(2,33,173.12)	(2,954.88)
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the period	98,822.27	1,168.55	(63,914.75)	(771.96)
Add/(Less): OCI for the year (Other than	_	_	-	` - ′
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve)				
Less: Contribution to Default Fund (SGF)	-	-	(83,373.90)	(1,000.00)
Balance at the end of the period	(2,81,639.50)	(3,558.29)	(3,80,461.77)	(4,726.84)
Total reserves & surplus	(2,81,639.50)	(3,558.29)	(3,80,461.77)	(4,726.84)
Note 8 (b): Default Fund (SGF)				
Balance as per last financial statements	84,974.75	1,019.20	-	_
Add: Contribution to Default Fund (SGF)			83,373.90	1,000.00
Add: Income Earned During the Year	6,414.79	54.43	1,600.85	19.20
Balance at the end of the period	91,389.54	1,073.63	84,974.75	1,019.20
Note 8 (C): Other comprehensive income				
Other Comprehensive Income				
Balance as per last financial statements	83,996.24	-2.96	70,794.27	_
Remeasurements Gain/(Loss) on the				
Defined Employee Benefit Plans	-548.47	-6.49	-245.12	-2.96
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve				,,,,
(FCTR) During The Period	43,692.20	_	13,447.09	_
Balance at the end of the period	1,27,139.97	-9.45	83,996.24	-2.96
Total Other Comprehensive Income	1,27,139.97	-9.45	83,996.24	-2.96
T 1	(62.400.00)	(0.404.45)	(0 dd 400 =0)	(0 Fd 0 CC)
Total	(63,109.99)	(2,494.11)	(2,11,490.78)	(3,710.60)

Note 9: Provisions

Amount in `000 As at March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 **Particulars** USD Rs Rs USD Audited Audited Audited Audited Long-term Provision for employee benefits 39.53 19.85 Provision for Gratuity 3,383.26 1,655.00 Provision for Leave Encashment 6,947.55 81.18 4,349.64 52.17 10,330.81 120.71 72.02 6,004.64 Short-term Provision for Expenses 1,160.12 13.91 2,311.50 27.01 Provision for employee benefits Provision for Gratuity 154.11 1.80 75.57 0.91 Payable in respect of Employees 10,988.10 8,495.02 128.39 101.89 Provision for Leave Encashment 3,259.20 38.08 2,366.56 28.39 195.28 145.10 16,712.91 12,097.27 27,043.72 315.99 18,101.91 217.12 **Total**

Note 10: Financial liabilities

10(a): Trade payable

			Aı	mount in `000
		As a	t	
Particulars	March 31,	March 31,	2024	
Particulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Total outstanding dues of micro and small				
enterprises	-	-		
Total outstanding dues of creditors other				
than micro and small enterprises				
Due to Related party			49,172.09	589.78
Other trade payable (Refer note below)	25,874.78	302.35	3,488.87	41.85
Total	25,874.78	302.35	52,660.96	631.63

Disclosures required under section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

				Amount in `000
		As a	nt	
Particulars	March :	31, 2025	March 3	1, 2024
	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
(a) Principal amount and interest thereon remaining unpaid at				
the end of period/year Interest paid including payment made				
beyond appointed day				
	-	-	-	-
(b) Interest due and payable for delay during the period / year				
	-	-	-	-
(c) Amount of interest accrued and unpaid as at period / year				
end	-	-	-	-
(d) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding period / year				
	_	-	-	_

Ageing Schedule of trade Payables:

Ageing Schedule of trade Payables:				mount in `000
		As a		mount in 000
Particulars	March 31	March 31	2024	
1 atticulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
Outstanding for the following periods from the	Ro	COD	Ro	COD
due date of payment:				
MSME:				
Less than 1 Year	_	-	_	_
Others:				
Less than 1 Year	25,874.78	302.35	52,629.00	628.97
More than 1 Year			31.96	2.66
Unbilled dues:	-	-		
Total	25,874.78	302.35	52,660.96	631.63
10(b): Other financial liabilities				
			Α	mount in `000
		As a	t	
Particulars	March 31, 2025		March 31	, 2024
Tatticulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Deposits from Members	1,90,418.62	2,225.00	98,798.08	1,185.00
Total	1,90,418.62	2,225.00	98,798.08	1,185.00
National College Park Program				
Note 11: Other liabilities			Α	mount in `000
	As at			
D 4 1	March 31	, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Particulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Statutory dues	3,603.74	42.10	3,147.19	37.75
Salary Payable	20.84	0.14	-	_
Total	3,624.58	42.24	3,147.19	37.75

Note 12: Revenue from operations

			Ar	nount in `000	
	For the Year ended		For the Year	For the Year ended	
Particulars	March 31,	2025	March 31,	2024	
Particulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD	
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	
Transaction Charges	1,16,114.45	1,373.00	20,299.43	245.19	
Clearing Charges	50,373.21	595.64	11,226.01	135.59	
Documents Handling Charges	59,569.61	704.38	74,165.16	895.80	
Members Annual Subscription	65,911.59	779.38	2,452.72	29.63	
Application Processing Fees	21,227.02	251.00	5,381.49	65.00	
Total	3,13,195.88	3,703.40	1,13,524.81	1,371.21	

Note 13 : Other income

			Ar	nount in `000
	For the Year ended		For the Year	ended
Particulars	March 31,	2025	March 31,	2024
1 atticulais	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Interest Income on Fixed Deposits	75,851.66	896.91	41,107.24	496.51
Interest Income on Income Tax Refund	508.82	6.02	192.57	2.33
Interest Income on Fair Value of Security Deposits	278.96	3.30	264.70	3.20
API Charges Collection	253.71	3.00		
Foreign Exchange Gain (Net)	779.32	9.22	849.81	10.26
Total	77,672.47	918.45	42,414.32	512.30

Note 14 : Employee benefits expense

			An	nount in `000
	For the Year ended		For the Year ended	
Particulars	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
Tattetials	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Salaries, Allowances and Bonus	88,093.77	1,041.68	64,593.10	780.19
Contribution to provident and other				
funds	4,119.67	48.71	3,067.48	37.05
Staff Welfare Expense	1,110.47	13.13	649.51	7.85
Total	93,323.91	1,103.52	68,310.09	825.09

Note 15: Finance costs

			An	nount in `000
	For the Year ended		For the Year ended	
Particulars	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
ratticulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Interest expense - other than Loans	-	-	-	-
Interest on lease liability (Refer Note				
21)	3,061.54	36.20	3,317.06	40.06
Total	3,061.54	36.20	3,317.06	40.06

Note 16: Depreciation and amortization expense

			Ar	nount in `000	
	For the Year ended		For the Year ended		
Particulars	March 31,	, 2025	March 31,	2024	
ratticulais	Rs	USD	Rs	USD	
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	
Depreciation on Tangible assets	24,994.33	295.55	22,003.36	265.76	
(Refer Note 3)					
Amortization on Intangible assets	14,639.03	173.10	3,119.12	37.68	
(Refer Note 3)					
Depreciation on Right of use asset	6,257.38	73.99	6,288.04	75.95	
(Refer Note 3)					
Total	45,890.74	542.64	31,410.52	379.39	
			•		

Note 17 : Other expenses

			Ar	nount in `000	
	For the Year ended		For the Year ended		
Particulars	March 31,	March 31, 2025		2024	
ratticulais	Rs	USD	Rs	USD	
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	
Seminar & Sponsorship Expenses	2,484.49	29.38	1,031.61	12.46	
Auditors Remuneration	279.85	3.31	193.31	2.33	
Contract Labour	1,597.84	18.89	1,422.38	17.18	
Bank Charges	13.31	0.16	15.20	0.18	
Printing, stationery & xerox Expense	416.25	4.93	247.07	2.99	
Lease Rent	999.66	11.82	957.13	11.56	
Electricity Expenses	476.40	5.63	519.26	6.27	
Rates and taxes	129.96	1.53	11,439.82	138.18	
Repairs and maintenance:					
To Building	2,134.51	25.23	1,856.78	22.42	
Legal & Professional charges	8,744.04	103.40	1,730.44	20.91	
Director Sitting fees	13,706.01	162.07	7,623.91	92.09	
Conveyance & Travelling expense	7,314.11	86.48	6,181.37	74.66	
Regulatory Fees	2,103.85	24.88	892.07	10.77	
Miscellaneous expenses	5,769.44	68.22	2,501.34	30.19	
Total	46,169.72	545.93	36,611.69	442.19	

Payment to Auditors

			A	amount in `000
	For the Yea	ar ended	For the Yea	ar ended
Particulars	March 3	March 31, 2025		1, 2024
Tatticulais	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Payment to Auditors as				
Auditors	171.25	2.03	182.29	2.20
Tax Audit Fees	74.63	0.88	-	-
For Other certification work	10.04	0.12	1.02	0.01
For reimbursement of expenses	23.93	0.28	10.00	0.12
Total	279.85	3.31	193.31	2.33

Note 18 : Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities as on March 31, 2025 (March 31, 2024: NIL)

Note 19: Capital commitment and other commitments

				Amount in `000
		As a	t	
Particulars	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2	024
Taticulais	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Capital commitments				
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed				
on capital account and not provided for	-	-	-	-
Other commitments	-	-	_	_

Note 20 : Earning Per Share

				Amount in `000
	For the Nine I	Months ended	For the Nine M	lonths ended
Particulars	March	31, 2025	December	31, 2023
Particulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Profit/(Loss) for the period	98,822.27	1,168.55	(63,914.75)	(771.96)
Weighted average no. of Equity Shares	1,70,06,84,932	1,70,06,84,932	1,15,00,00,000	1,15,00,00,000
Nominal value of Equity Shares (Rs.)	1.00	Not Applicable	1.00	Not Applicable
Basic and Diluted Earning per Equity Share (Rs.)	0.058	0.001	(0.056)	(0.001)

Note 21: Leases

a The Company has taken office premises on lease period of 10 years. Disclosures as per Ind AS 116 - Leases are as follows:

Movement in lease liabilities

Amount in `000 For the period ended March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 **Particulars** Rs USD Rs **USD** Unaudited Unaudited **Audited** Audited Balance as per last financial statements 59,505.97 55,660.46 667.60 723.77 Additions **Deletions** Finance cost accrued during the year 3,061.54 36.20 3,340.37 40.06 Payment of lease liabilities (7,544.05)(89.31)(7,185.88)(86.83)**Currency Fluctuation** 36.62 (9.40)(16.05)Balance at the end of the year 51,214.57 598.44 55,660.46 667.60 Current 5,097.68 59.57 4,445.89 53.32 46,116.89 538.87 51,214.57 Non-current 614.28

Contractual maturities of lease liabilities

			An	nount in `000
		For the perio	d ended	
Dauti autaus	March 3	March 31, 2025		2024
Particulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	Audited
Less than one year	7,917.16	92.51	7,452.85	89.39
One to five years	35,827.58	418.64	43,744.75	524.68
More than five years	18,868.69	220.48	18,868.70	226.31
Total	62,613.43	731.62	70,066.30	840.39

The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

The Company directly charges rent expenses relating to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets to c Statement of Profit & Loss.

Note 22 : Related Party Disclosures

As per the Indian Accounting Standard on "Related Party Disclosures" (IND AS 24), the related parties of the Company are as follows:

a List of Related Parties & Nature of Relationship:

India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited	Holding Company
India International Depository IFSC Limited	Subsidiary Company of Holding Company
Central Depository Services (India) Limited	Investing Company of Holding Company
India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited	Investing Company of Holding Company
National Securities Depository Limited	Investing Company of Holding Company
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	Investing Company of Holding Company
India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited	Investing Company of Holding Company
Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited	Investing Company of Holding Company
BSE Technologies Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Investing Company of Holding Company
NSE IFSC Limited	Subsidiary of Investing Company of Holding Company
NSE IFSC Clearing Corporation Limited	Subsidiary of Investing Company of Holding Company
Cogencis Information Services Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary of Investing Company of Holding Company
Mr. Ashok Kumar Gautam	Managing Director & CEO
Mr. Jugal Kishore Mohapatra	Public Interest Director
Mr. Arvind Sahay	Public Interest Director
Mr. Padmanabhan Gopalaraman	Public Interest Director
Mrs. Seema Bahuguna	Public Interest Director
Mr. Mahalingam G	Public Interest Director
Mr. Siddhartha Sengupta	Public Interest Director
Mr. Sriram Krishnan	Director
Mr. Shivanshu Lalit Mehta	Director
Mr. Mayank Jain	Director
Mr. Rajesh Saraf	Director
Mr. Prashant Vagal	Director
Mr. Chetan Pabari	KMP -CFO
Mrs. Kirty Pareek	KMP - CS

b Related Party Transactions:

D. C. I.	For the year March 3		For the year ended March 31, 2024		
Particulars	Rs	USD	Rs	USD	
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	
India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited					
Reimbursement of Expenses:					
Rates & Taxes	_	_	_	_	
Regulatory Fees	_	_	_	_	
Printing & Stationery	_	_	_	_	
Miscellaneous Expense	_	_	_	_	
Reimbursement of Security Deposit:	_	_	_	_	
Issue of Equity Shares:	10,00,000	11,911.73	-	-	
National Securities Depository Limited					
Demat Account Charges:	_	_	_	_	
Amount Unpaid:	-	-	-	-	
Central Depository Services (India) Limited					
Demat Account Charges:	76.18	0.91	76.47	0.	
Stamp Duty charges reimbursement. Amount Unpaid:	50.00	0.60	-	-	
National Stock Exchange of India Limited					
Reimbursement of Legal Fees paid:	-	-	-	-	
India International Depository IFSC Ltd			-	-	
Reimbursement of Food and Training Expenses	72.21	0.84			
India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited					
Computer Technology Related Expense paid: Amount unpaid:	3,034.72	35.46	3,992.77 -	47.	
BSE Technologies Private Limited					
Computer Technology Related Expense paid:	54,376.93	619.58	35,680.35	425.	
Amount unpaid:	12,500.00	146.25	50,151.19	601.	
NSE IFSC Limited					
Reimbursement Of Launch Event Expenses received:	-	-	-	-	
Amount Receivable:	-	-	-	-	
Cogencis Information Services Ltd					
Data Feed Charges	313.02	3.69	326.57	3.	
Amount unpaid:			-	-	
Transactions With KMP's					
Remmuneration to KMP's	24,939.20	294.89	19,799.68	239.	

Note 23: Disclosure pursuant to Employee benefits

A. Defined contribution plan:

These are plans in which the Company pays pre-defined amounts to separate funds and does not have any legal or informal obligation to pay additional sums. The Company offers its employees defined contribution plan in the form of provident fund and pension fund. Provident fund and pension fund cover substantially all regular employees. While both, the employees and the Company pay predetermined contributions into the provident fund and contributions into the pension fund are made by only the Company. The contributions are based on a certain proportion of the employee's salary.

During the period, contribution to Provident fund and Pension fund amounting to Rs 2,676.80 thousand (USD 31.65 thousand), Previous period Rs. 2,342.17 thousand (USD 28.29 thousand) have been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss, under Contributions to provident and other funds in note 14 "Employee benefits expense".

B. Defined benefit plan:

(a) Gratuity

The Company offers its employees defined-benefit plans in the form of a gratuity scheme (a lump sum amount). Benefits under the defined benefit plans are typically based on years of service and the employee's compensation (generally immediately before retirement). The gratuity scheme covers substantially all regular employees. Currently, the Gratuity scheme is unfunded.

Assumptions	For the year ended	For the year ended
Assumptions	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Expected Return on Plan Assets	N.A.	N.A.
Rate of Discounting	6.81%	7.21%
Rate of Salary Increase	8.00%	8.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	3.00%	3.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)

Table Showing Change in the Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation

			Amo	ount in `000
	For the year e	For the year ended		
Particulars	March 31, 2	025	March 31, 2	024
	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	1,730.57	20.22	781.29	-
Interest Cost	124.77	1.46	58.45	-
Current Service Cost	1,336.24	15.61	780.13	9.70
Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer	-209.26	-2.45	-136.14	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Demographic Assumptions	-	-	-	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Financial Assumptions	124.51	1.46	46.83	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience	430.53	5.03	200.01	-
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	3,537.36	41.33	1,730.57	9.70

Amount Recognized in the Balance Sheet

	Amo	unt in `000		
	For the year er	For the year ended		
Particulars	March 31, 20	25	March 31, 2	024
	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
(Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the Period)	(3,537.37)	(41.33)	(1,730.57)	(21.05)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the Period	-	-	-	-
Funded Status (Surplus/ (Deficit))	(3,537.37)	(41.33)	(1,730.57)	(21.05)
Net (Liability)/Asset Recognized in the Balance Sheet	(3,537.37)	(41.33)	(1,730.57)	(21.05)

Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Current Period $\,$

			Amo	ount in `000
	For the year e	ended	For the year ended March 31, 2024	
Particulars	March 31, 2	.025		
	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
Current Service Cost	1,336.24	15.61	780.13	9.70
Net Interest Cost	124.77	1.46	58	-
Past Service Cost	-	-	-	-
(Expected Contributions by the Employees)	-	-	-	-
(Gains)/Losses on Curtailments And Settlements	-	-	-	-
Net Effect of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	-	-	-	-
Expenses Recognized	1,461.01	17.07	781.29	9.72

Expenses Recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for Current Period $\,$

	Amount in `000			
D. C. 1	For the year e		For the year e	
Particulars	March 31, 2	J25	March 31, 2024	
	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Period	548.47	6.49	246.85	-
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	-	-	-	-
Change in Asset Ceiling	-	-	-	-
Net (Income)/Expense For the Period Recognized in OCI	-	_	-	_

Maturity Analysis of the Benefit Payments

			Am	ount in `000
	For the year e	nded	For the year e	ended
Particulars	March 31, 2	025	March 31, 2	2024
	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date of Reporting				
1st Following Year	154.11	1.80	75.57	0.91
2nd Following Year	150.32	1.76	73.67	0.88
3rd Following Year	146.67	1.71	71.84	0.86
4th Following Year	1,017.40	11.89	72.36	0.87
5th Following Year	268.56	3.14	94.10	1.13
Sum of Years 6 To 10	1,280.66	14.96	1,031.32	12.37
Sum of Years 11 and above	4,795.81	56.04	2,895.76	34.73

Sensitivity Analysis

			Amo	ount in 000
	For the year e	nded	For the year e	nded
Particulars	March 31, 20	025	March 31, 2024	
	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
Defined Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	3,537.37	41.33	1,730.57	20.76
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(297.13)	(3.47)	(163.99)	(1.97)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	349.11	4.08	192.20	2.31
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	296.44	3.46	176.37	2.12
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(246.84)	(2.88)	(151.52)	(1.82)
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	11.16	0.13	(260.37)	(3.12)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(8.74)	(0.10)	(216.79)	(2.60)

Note 24 : Financial Instruments

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 2.4 to the financial statements.

Fair Value hierarchy:

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

- \emptyset Level 1 Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Ø Level 2 Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Ø Level 3 Inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories is as follows and the Company consider that the carrying amounts of below mentioned financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the balance sheet approximate their fair values.

	At	nount in `000		
	For the year	For the year ended		
Particulars	March 31,	2025	March 31,	, 2024
1 dittetidis	Rs	USD	Rs	USD
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Financial Assets carried at amortized cost				
Trade Receivables	14,845.22	173.47	486.20	5.84
Cash and cash equivalents	12,44,402.03	14,540.57	3,44,949.94	4,137.39
Other Bank Balances	8,35,133.69	9,758.36	5,33,202.31	6,395.32
Other financial assets	5,710.91	66.73	5,428.61	65.11
Total	21,00,091.85	24,539.13	8,84,067.06	10,603.66
Financial Liabilities carried at amortized cost				
Lease Liability	51,214.57	598.44	55,660.46	707.66
Trade payables	25,874.78	302.35	52,660.96	631.63
Other current financial liabilities	1,90,418.62	2,225.00	98,798.08	1,185.00
Total	2,67,507.97	3,125.79	2,07,119.50	2,524.29

Note 25: Financial Risk Management

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets includes Cash and cash equivalents.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of risks: Liquidity risk, Foreign Currencies risk, Interest rate risk.

Foreign currency risk:

United States Dollar (USD) is the functional currency of the Company, thus the Company's exchange risk arises from its foreign currency expenses. Currency other than USD is considered as foreign currency. Company is using Special Non-Resident Rupee account for discharging the liability of INR.

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Interest rates are sensitive to many factors, including governmental, monetary and tax policies, domestic and international economic and political considerations, fiscal deficits, trade surpluses or deficits, regulatory requirements and other factors beyond the Company's control. Interest rate risk can be controlled by the Company by making investments for tenors not exceeding the pre-stipulated period and normally holding investments till its maturity.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company

manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as follows.

Particulars	On demand	Within 1 year	1 year to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Period ended March 31,2024			years	years	
Lease Liability	-	7,917.16	35,827.58	18,868.69	62,613.43
Trade payables	-	25,874.78	_	-	25,874.78
Deposits from Members	1,90,418.62	-	-	-	1,90,418.62
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
	1,90,418.62	33,791.94	35,827.58	18,868.69	2,78,906.83
Period ended March 31, 2024					
Lease Liability	-	7,452.85	43,744.75	18,868.70	70,066.30
Trade payables	-	52,660.96	-	-	52,660.96
Deposits from Members	98,798.08	-	-	-	98,798.08
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
	98,798.08	60,113.81	43,744.75	18,868.70	2,21,525.34

					USD in `000
Particulars	On demand	Within 1 year	1 year to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Period ended March 31,2024					
Lease Liability	-	92.51	418.64	220.48	731.62
Trade payables	-	302.35	-	-	302.35
Deposits from Members	2,225.00				2,225.00
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
	2,225.00	394.86	418.64	220.48	3,258.97
Period ended March 31, 2024					
Lease Liability	-	89.39	524.68	226.31	840.39
Trade payables	-	631.63	_	_	631.63
Deposits from Members	1,185.00	_	_	_	1,185.00
Other financial liabilities	-	_	_	_	_
	1,185.00	721.02	524.68	226.31	2,657.02

Do in `000

Note 26: Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Company monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends on its equity shares. The Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain an optimal structure so as to maximize shareholder value.

The Company is predominantly equity financed which is evident from the capital structure. Further, the Company has always been a net cash company with cash and bank balances along with investment which is predominantly investment in fixed deposit.

Pursuant to Regulation 17 of the International Financial Services Centres Authority (Bullion Market) Regulations, 2025, which mandates a minimum net worth of USD 20 million for a Bullion Exchange, the company has assessed its net worth at USD 24.38 million as on March 31, 2025. Accordingly, the company complies with the prescribed requirement and has submitted the updated net worth position to the regulatory authority in line with the applicable provisions.

Note 27: Exchange Rate

In these financial statements, amounts reflected in Balance Sheet other than shareholder funds have been translated into Indian rupees at the closing rate as at March 31, 2025 which is 1 USD = Rs 85.5814, whereas amounts reflected in Statements of Profit and Loss at the average rate from April 01, 2024 to March 31, 2025 which is 1 USD = Rs 84.5698

Note 28: Segment Reporting

The Company operated in one reportable business segment viz: Bullion Exchange Operations i.e., Facilitating Trading in Bullion and other related ancillary Services as at the reporting date, and therefore has only one reportable Segment as per Indian Accounting Standard 108 "Operating Segments".

Note 29: Other Notes

- a. During the period ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:
- i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

Further, during the peiord ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, the Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies),

including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- b. The Company has not invested or traded in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the period ended March 31, 2025 (Previous year: Nil).
- c. No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder during the period ended March 31, 2025 (Previous year: Nil).
- d. The Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority during the period ended March 31, 2025 (Previous year: Nil).
- e. The Company has not surrendered or disclosed as income any transactions not recorded in the books of accounts in the course of tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961) during the period ended March 31, 2025 (Previous year: Nil).
- f. The Company does not have any transactions with the companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956 during the peiord ended March 31, 2025 (Previous year: Nil).

Note 30: Regrouped or Reclassified

Material regroupings: Appropriate adjustments have been made in the statements of assets and liabilities, statement of profit and loss and cash flows, wherever required, by a reclassification of the corresponding items of income, expenses, assets, liabilities and cash flows in order to bring them in line with the groupings as per the unaudited financials of the Company as at March 31, 2025, prepared in accordance with amended Schedule III of Companies Act 2013.

As per our report of even date attached

For Vidya & Co.

 $Firm\ Registration\ No.\ 308022E$

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Gopalaraman Padmanabhan

Chairman

DIN: 07130908

Ashok Kumar Gautam Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 02756851

Rajendra K Nagar

Partner

Membership No. 057240

Gandhinagar

Date: April 21, 2025

UDIN: 25057240BMLFOR8311

Chetan Pabari Chief Financial Officer Kirty Pareek Company Secretary

Note 31 : Ratio Analysis

		For the per	iod ended		
Particulars	UOM	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	% Variance	Reason for Variance
i) Current Ratio:					
Current Assets (a)	USD in '000	25,002.30	10,778.25		Due to lower trade
Current Liabilities (b)	USD in '000	2,824.43	2,052.80		payables and deposits
Current Ratio (a/b)	Times	8.85	5.25	68.60%	from members in the current year
ii) Debt-Equity Ratio:					
Debt (a)	USD in '000	598.44	667.60		Due to Capital Infusion capital has
Equity (b)	USD in '000	24,384.89	11,256.67		increased
Debt - Equity Ratio (a/b)	%	2.45%	5.93%	-58.62%	
iii) Debt Service coverage Ratio :					
Earnings available for Debt services (a)	USD in '000	1,747.39	(352.51)		Ratio has been improved due to the
Interest + Installments (b) Debt Service coverage Ratio (a/b)	USD in '000 %	125.51 1392.23%	126.89 -277.81%	601.15%	profit in the current year
Debt Service coverage Ratio (a/b)	%	1392.23%	-2/7.81%	601.15%	
iv) Return on Equity Ratio :					
Profit/(Loss) after Taxes	USD in '000	1,168.55	(771.96)		Ratio has been improved due to the
Equity (b)	USD in '000	24,384.89	11,256.67		profit in the current year
Return on Equity Ratio (a/b)	%	4.79%	-6.86%	169.88%	
v) Inventory Turnover Ratio :	NA	NA	NA		
vi) Trade Receivables turnover Ratio :					
Annual net Credit Sales (a)	USD in '000	3,703.40	1,371.21		Credit sales have significantly increased, indicating higher business
Average Accounts Receivable (b)	USD in '000	173.47	5.84	00.04.0/	volume and growth. Invoices are
Trade Receivables turnover Ratio (a/b)	Times	21.35	234.80	90.91%	raised on last day of March
vii) Trade Payables turnover Ratio :					
Costs (a)	USD in '000	1,770.94	1,410.93		
Average Accounts Payable (b)	USD in '000	466.99	302.35		
Trade Payables turnover Ratio (a/b)	Times	3.79	4.67	18.74%	
viii) Net Capital turnover Ratio :					
Net Sales (a)	USD in '000	3,703.40	1,371.21		
Working Capital (b)	USD in '000	22,177.87	8,725.45		
Net Capital turnover Ratio (a/b)	%	16.70%	15.72%	-6.26%	
ix) Net Profit Ratio :					
Profit/(Loss) after Tax (a)	USD in '000	1,168.55	(771.96)		Ratio has been improved due to the
Net Sales (b)	USD in '000	3,703.40	1,371.21		profit in the current year
Net Profit Ratio (a/b)	%	31.55%	-56.30%	156.05%	
x) Return on Capital Employed :					
Earnings before Interest and Taxes (a)	USD in '000	1,204.75	(731.90)		Ratio has been improved due to the
Capital Employed (b)	USD in '000	24,983.33	11,924.27		profit in the current year
Return on Capital Employed (a/b)	%	4.82%	-6.14%	-178.56%	
xi) Return on Investment :					
Income generated from Invested funds	USD in '000	896.91	496.51		Capital infusion post 30th Sept led to
(a) Avg invested funds in Treasury (b)	USD in '000	22,220.00	8,280.00		lower average investment, reducing overall ROI compared to previous
Return on Investment (a/b)	%	4.04%	6.00%	-32.69%	year
	79	7.07/0	3.00 /0	32.07/0	

Note 31 : Ratio Analysis

		For the peri	od ended		
Particulars	UOM	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	% Variance	Reason for Variance
i) Current Ratio :					
Current Assets (a)	USD in '000	25,002.30	10,778.25		Due to lower trade
Current Liabilities (b)	USD in '000	2,824.43	2,052.80		payables and deposits
Current Ratio (a/b)	Times	8.85	5.25	68.60%	from members in the current year
ii) Debt-Equity Ratio:					
Debt (a)	USD in '000	598.44	667.60		Due to Capital Infusion capital has
Equity (b)	USD in '000	24,384.89	11,256.67		increased
Debt - Equity Ratio (a/b)	%	2.45%	5.93%	-58.62%	
iii) Debt Service coverage Ratio :					
Earnings available for Debt services (a)	USD in '000	1,747.39	(352.51)		Ratio has been improved due to the
Interest + Installments (b) Debt Service coverage Patio (a/b)	USD in '000	125.51	126.89	601 159/	profit in the current year
Debt Service coverage Ratio (a/b)	%	1392.23%	-277.81%	601.15%	
iv) Return on Equity Ratio :					
Profit/(Loss) after Taxes	USD in '000	1,168.55	(771.96)		Ratio has been improved due to the
Equity (b)	USD in '000	24,384.89	11,256.67	4 40 000	profit in the current year
Return on Equity Ratio (a/b)	%	4.79%	-6.86%	169.88%	
v) Inventory Turnover Ratio :	NA	NA	NA		
vi) Trade Receivables turnover Ratio :					Condition loss to the Condition of
Annual net Credit Sales (a)	USD in '000	3,703.40	1,371.21		Credit sales have significantly increased, indicating higher business
Average Accounts Receivable (b)	USD in '000	173.47	5.84	00.04.0/	volume and growth. Invoices are
Trade Receivables turnover Ratio (a/b)	Times	21.35	234.80	90.91%	raised on last day of March
vii) Trade Payables turnover Ratio :					
Costs (a)	USD in '000	1,770.94	1,410.93		
Average Accounts Payable (b)	USD in '000	466.99	302.35	10 = 10	
Trade Payables turnover Ratio (a/b)	Times	3.79	4.67	18.74%	
viii) Net Capital turnover Ratio :					
Net Sales (a)	USD in '000	3,703.40	1,371.21		
Working Capital (b)	USD in '000	22,177.87	8,725.45	6.069/	
Net Capital turnover Ratio (a/b)	%	16.70%	15.72%	-6.26%	
ix) Net Profit Ratio :					
Profit/(Loss) after Tax (a)	USD in '000	1,168.55	(771.96)		Ratio has been improved due to the
Net Sales (b)	USD in '000 %	3,703.40	1,371.21	156.05%	profit in the current year
Net Profit Ratio (a/b) x) Return on Capital Employed:	/0	31.55%	-56.30%	130,03%	
x) Return on Capital Employed:	1100 1 1000	1 004 55	(701.00)		Distriction 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Earnings before Interest and Taxes (a) Capital Employed (b)	USD in '000 USD in '000	1,204.75 24,983.33	(731.90) 11,924.27		Ratio has been improved due to the profit in the current year
Return on Capital Employed (a/b)	%	4.82%	-6.14%	-178.56%	prom in the current year
xi) Return on Investment :					
Income generated from Invested funds (a)	USD in '000	896.91	496.51		Capital infusion post 30th Sept led to
Avg invested funds in Treasury (b)	USD in '000	22,220.00	8,280.00		lower average investment, reducing
Return on Investment (a/b)				٠٠٠ عام	overall ROI compared to previous year
	%	4.04%	6.00%	-32.69%	-

1. General Information

India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited was incorporated in August 17, 2021, to carry on business as an international bullion exchange, international bullion clearing and to promote, assist, regulate, control and associate with the business of purchasing, selling, dealing, clearing and settlement services in all kind of precious metals including gold, silver or any other precious metal in the form of bars or unallocated gold, silver or such other precious metals, as the International Financial Services Centers Authority (IFSCA) may consider relevant in this regard. It is incorporated to facilitate investment, hedging, trading and other related requirements to undertake all activities, functions and responsibilities as may be permitted under the applicable Law, to facilitate and regulate financial services relating to bullion market, bullion clearance and settlement in International Financial Services Centers, set up under Special Economic Zones Act, 2005. It is incorporated to provide specialized, advanced, automated and modern facilities and mechanism for trading, clearing, holding, transacting and settlement of depository receipts precious metals/products/instruments/contracts/derivatives to ensure trading, completion and guarantee of settlement and to facilitate, promote, assist, regulate and manage dealings and generally facilitate clearing and settlement of transactions in precious metals, products and instruments.

International Financial Services Centers Authority (IFSCA) is a unified authority for the development and regulation of financial products, financial services and financial institutions in GIFT IFSC.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statement

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments), the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (`Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the International Financial Services Centers Authority (IFSCA). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousands, as per the requirement of schedule III, unless stated otherwise.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

a) Functional and presentation currency

United State Dollars (USD) is the functional currency of the Company and the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees. The presentation currency is different from functional currency to comply with Income tax and other statutory law.

b) Transactions and balances

A foreign currency transaction shall be recorded, on initial recognition in the functional currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

At the end of each reporting period

- (a) foreign currency monetary items shall be translated using the closing rate;
- (b) nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and
- (c) nonmonetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined

c) Translation to presentation currency (Foreign Currency Translation Reserve)

For the Purpose of Preparation of financial statements in Indian rupees, income and expenses are translated at average rates and the assets and liabilities except equity share capital are stated at closing rate. The net impact of such changes is presented under foreign exchange translation reserve.

2.3 Use of Estimates and Judgment

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in

any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

- a. *Income taxes*: The Company's tax jurisdiction is in India. Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including the amount expected to be paid or recovered in connection with uncertain tax positions. Company is eligible to claim deduction of income, an amount equal to one hundred per cent of the income for any ten consecutive assessment years, out of fifteen years as per section 80LA of Income tax Act, 1961.
- b. Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.
- c. Other estimates: The preparation of financial statements involves estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Specifically, the Company estimates the probability of collection of accounts receivable by analyzing historical payment patterns, customer status, customer creditworthiness and current economic trends. If the financial condition of a customer deteriorates, additional allowances may be required.

2.4 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value. Transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset (other than financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss) are included in the fair value of the financial assets. Purchase or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trade) are recognised on trade date. While, loans and borrowings and payable are recognised net of directly attributable transactions costs.

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial instruments of the Company are classified in the following categories: financial assets comprising amortised cost, financial assets (debt instruments) at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI),

equity instruments at FVTOCI and fair value through Profit and Loss account (FVTPL), financial liabilities at amortised cost or FVTPL.

The classification of financial instruments depends on the objective of the business model for which it is held. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

Financial assets

- a. Financial assets at amortised cost: A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:
 - i. The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
 - ii. The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI).

They are presented as current assets, except for those maturing later than 12 months after the reporting date which are presented as non-current assets. Financial assets are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment loss.

Amortised cost are represented by investment in interest bearing debt instruments, trade receivables, security deposits, cash and cash equivalents, employee and other advances and eligible current and non-current assets.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks which can be withdrawn at any time without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

b. Equity instruments at FVTOCI and FVTPL:

All equity instruments are measured at fair value other than investment in subsidiaries, joint venture and associate. Equity instruments held for trading is classified as FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value in OCI. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividend are recognised in OCI which is not subsequently recycled to statement of profit and loss.

c. Financial assets at FVTPL:

FVTPL is a residual category for financial assets. Any financial asset which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortised cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as FVTPL In addition the Company may elect to designate the financial asset, which otherwise meets amortised cost or FVOCI criteria, as FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. The Company has not designated any financial asset as FVTPL Financial assets included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair values with all changes in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities

(a) Financial liabilities at amortised cost:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost represented by trade and other payables are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

(b) Financial liabilities at FVTPL:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL represented by contingent consideration are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

- a. Recognition and measurement: Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.
- b. Depreciation: The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over the estimated useful life on a Straight Line method basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. The estimated useful lives of assets of significant items of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Category	Useful life
Electrical installations	10 years
Networking Equipments - Owned	6 years
Computers Hardware - Owned	3 years
Furniture, fixtures	10 years
Office equipments	5 years
Motor vehicles	8 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Amounts paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding as of each reporting date and the cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for intended use before such date are disclosed under capital work- in-progress.

2.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives on a "Straight Line method", from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful life of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The estimated useful lives of intangibles are as follows:

Category	Useful life
Computer software	6 years

De-recognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

2.7 Employee benefit

The Company participates in various employee benefit plans. Post-employment benefits are classified as either defined contribution plans or defined benefit plans.

Defined Contribution Plan

Under a defined contribution plan, the Company's only obligation is to pay a fixed amount with no obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits. The related actuarial and investment risks fall on the employee. The expenditure for defined contribution plans is recognized as expense during the period when the employee provides service.

Defined benefit Plan

Under a defined benefit plan, it is the Company's obligation to provide agreed benefits to the employees. The related actuarial and investment risks fall on the Company. The present value of the defined benefit obligations is calculated using the projected unit credit method.

The Company has the following employee benefit plans:

a. Gratuity

In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Company provides for a lump sum payment to eligible employees, at retirement or termination of employment based on the last drawn salary and years of employment with the Company. The Company's obligation in respect of the gratuity plan, which is a defined benefit plan, is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date.

Actuarial gains or losses are recognized in full in the other comprehensive income for the period in which they occur. Past service cost is recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and otherwise is amortised on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised past service cost.

b. Leave Encashment

The employee's compensated absences are Company's defined benefit plans. The present value of the obligation is determined based on the actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method as at the date of the Balance sheet.

2.8 Provisions and Contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset, if it is virtually certain

that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of lower of the expected net cost of fulfilling the contract and the expected cost of terminating the contract and is adjusted to the cost of such assets.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the notes. Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

2.9 Lease

a) As a Lessee:

- i. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.
- ii. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:
 - the contract involves the use of an identified asset;
 - the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease; and
 - the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.
- iii. At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low

value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

- iv. The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.
- v. Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.
- vi. Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. Right of use assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.
- vii. The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile and jurisdiction of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.
- viii. For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

b) As a Lessor:

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

2.10 Taxation

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income.

a. Current income tax

Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for the period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the current tax amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and applicable for the period. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

b. *Deferred income tax*

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax asset are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

The Company recognises interest levied and penalties related to income tax assessments in income tax expenses.

2.11 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic EPS and also weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for bonus shares, as appropriate.

2.12 Current and Non-current classification

The company present assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification

Assets: An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a. it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- b. it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c. it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- d. it is cash or a cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date

All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities: A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) It is expected to be settled in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- **(b)** It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded; it is due to be settled within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- (c) The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

2.13 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or

financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2.14 Revenue Recognition

Revenue excludes goods & service tax and is recognised in the Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on the following basis:

- i) Trading fees & Clearing fees are recognised on trade date basis, net of any applicable discount or rebate.
- ii) Document handling charges are recognised when the related services are rendered.
- iii) Other revenue comprises:
 - Application Processing Fees / Onboarding Fees / Annual Fees; recognised on a straight-line basis over time as the performance obligation is satisfied;
 - Intercompany cost recharges in connection with expenditures incurred on behalf of group companies. These recharges are recognised when the related expenditures are incurred; and
 - All other fees are recognised when the related services are rendered.

Deferred revenue (the terminology 'contract liability' under IND AS 115 – 'Revenue from contracts with customers' is presented as deferred revenue) is recognised when the customers pay considerations before the Company transfers control of the goods or satisfies a performance obligation. This represents the unsatisfied performance obligations at year end resulting from long-term contracts.

Accrued revenue (the terminology 'contract asset' under IND AS 115 – 'Revenue from contracts with customers' is presented as accrued income) is recognised when the Company transfers control of goods or satisfies a performance obligation to a customer and has a right to consideration arising therefrom.

2.15 Cash and cash equivalents (for purposes of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and net of outstanding bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand, book overdraft and are considered part of the Company's cash management system.
